MUFI character recommendation

Characters in the official Unicode Standard and in the Private Use Area for Medieval texts written in the Latin alphabet

- * Part 1: Alphabetical order
- * Version 2.0 (22 December 2006)
- * Compliant with the Unicode Standard version 5.0
- * Medieval Unicode Font Initiative (MUFI)
- * www.mufi.info

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Editor

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Background

Version 1.0 of the MUFI recommendation was published electronically and in hard copy on 8 December 2003. It was the result of an almost two-year-long electronic discussion within the Medieval Unicode Font Initiative (http://www.mufi.info), which was established in July 2001 at the International Medieval Congress in Leeds. Version 1.0 contained a total of **828** characters, of which 473 characters were selected from various charts in the official part of the Unicode Standard and 355 were located in the Private Use Area. Version 1.0 of the recommendation is compliant with the Unicode Standard version 4.0.

Version 2.0 is a major update, published electronically on 22 December 2006. It contains a few corrections of misprints in version 1.0 and 516 additional characters (of which 123 are from charts in the official part of the Unicode Standard and 393 are additions to the Private Use Area). There are also 18 characters which have been decommissioned from the Private Use Area due to the fact that they have been included in later versions of the Unicode Standard (and, in one case, because a character has been withdrawn). The net addition is thus **498** characters, making a total of **1326** characters. This version of the recommendation is compliant with the Unicode Standard version 5.0.

Part I & 2

As of version 2.0, the recommendation has been divided into two parts, each containing the same number of characters, but in different order. Part 1 lists the characters in alphabetical order, beginning with alphabetical characters and then giving numbers, abbreviation characters, punctuation characters, symbols, and finally geometrical and metrical characters. Part 2 lists the characters according to the code charts in the Unicode Standard.

Part 1 is intended for casual users, because it is fairly easy to find any particular character simply by browsing through the document on screen or in print. Part 2 is intended for encoders and font designers, because it lists characters according to Unicode code charts and accordingly in ascending code-point order. It also shows the structure of the Private Use Area more clearly than Part 1. In general, it contains more information than Part 1; it displays decommissions from version 1.0 to 2.0 on a coloured background, it includes appendices specifying all change from version 1.0 to 2.0, and it distinguishes between ISO entity names (where applicable) and MUFI-recommended entity names.

Contributors and meetings

Since work with this recommendation began in August 2001, a number of people have given help and advice (in alphabetical order): Jim Allan (U.S.), Deborah W. Anderson (Berkeley, CA), Peter S. Baker (Charlottesville, VA), Michael Beddow (Leeds), Florian Grammel (København), Michael Gullick (Stevenage, UK), Guðvarður Már Gunnlaugsson (Reykjavík), António H.A. Emiliano (Lisboa), Michael Everson (Westport, Ireland), Jost Gippert (Frankfurt am Main), Bjarki M. Karlsson (Reykjavík), Diana Luft (Cardiff), Alec McAllister (Leeds), Juan-José Marcos (Plasencia, Spain), Rick McGowan (Unicode consortium), Susana T. Pedro (Lisboa), David J. Perry (Rye, NY), Gunnar Pettersen (Oslo), Gerhard Schumacher (Köln), Andreas Stötzner (Leipzig), Jo Rune Ugulen (Bergen), Tor Ulset (Oslo), Ken Whistler (Unicode consortium), Andrea de Leeuw van Weenen (Leiden), Tarrin Wills (Sydney) and Christian Wittern (Kyoto).

In addition to electronic discussions, the MUFI group has also held informal meetings in Oxford (June 2003), Bergen (August 2003), Lisboa (March 2005), Leipzig (August 2005) and Bonn (June 2006). The project has also been presented at several conferences, including the International Medieval Congress in Leeds (July 2003), the ALLC/AHC congress in Göteborg (June 2004) and the 27th Internationalization and Unicode conference in Berlin (April 2005).

Caveat

Many aspects of this recommendation may be controversial, and more than one of the contributors and advisors listed above may disagree with the solutions chosen in the recommendation. It is, however, clear that this recommendation would have progressed much more slowly and would have been much inferior had it not been for all the help and comments received. The editor would like to thank all contributors for their assistance in this project.

Publication details

This version of the recommendation was published on the MUFI web site, http://www.mufi.info, on 22 December 2006. It also has a persistent URL at the University Library in Bergen, http://hdl.handle.net/1956/2003

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Introduction

This recommendation contains a set of characters for the use of Medievalists and, to some extent, Classicists. The two major aims of the recommendation are (1) to establish a selection of characters from the official Unicode Standard and (2) to co-ordinate the usage of code points in the Private Use Area. The selection is intended to cover transcriptions of Medieval sources at different levels of detail and also to be useful for editions, commentaries, and linguistic and lexicographical works that refer to Medieval primary sources. For this reason, it contains a number of variant letter forms, as well as many critical and editorial signs.

1. Structure

The recommendation contains (1) a representative glyph for each character, (2) an entity name, (3) a Unicode code point, (4) a reference to a Unicode code chart, and (5) a descriptive name. In the case of unusual or sometimes misunderstood characters, short explanatory notes are added immediately below the character.

1.1. Glyphs

The glyphs (character shapes) used in this recommendation are for guidance only. Unicode makes an important distinction between characters and glyphs; a character is the smallest component of written language that has semantic value. A character thus refers to the abstract meaning and/or shape, rather than a specific shape. A glyph, on the other hand, is the individual shape of the character. Many characters have well-defined glyphs, and no guidance will be necessary, e.g. the a-z / A-Z of the Latin alphabet. For many other characters, there are few or sometimes no printed examples available. We have spent time with font designers in order to present glyphs that look clear, sufficiently distinct from other glyphs, and consistently shaped within the limitations of the basic font design. In the case of the font used in this recommendation, this means a humanist typeface with its ultimate roots in Latin capitals and Carolingian minuscules. All glyphs in this version of the recommendation belong to the font Andron Scriptor Web and have been designed by Andreas Stötzner (Leipzig).

1.2. Entity names

Entities are used in numerous encoding schemes such as SGML and XML. For the sake of interchangeability, it is recommended that entities, as far as possible, conform to the standard ISO entity sets. In addition to the ISO entities, a number of entities for characters not designated in this standard are needed. This recommendation uses the syntax and inventory defined in *The Menota handbook*, ch. 2 and 5 (http://www.menota.org/guidelines), summarised below.

Base line character	main type	variant	ligature	fixed modification	loose modification
A	anc	brk	lig	bar	acute
a	comb	close	ligred	baracr	breve
В	enl	dotless		barbl	circ
b	ins	high		des	curl
C	run	long		flour	dblac
c	scap	med		hook	dot
	unc	open		ogon	dotbl
etc.	vis	rot		ovl	grave
		squ		slash	macr
				strok	sup
					uml

Note that not all slots need to be filled in; in most cases only one or two slots are used in addition to the base line character. The meaning of the various parts is explained in this table, listed in alphabetical order:

acute = acute accent	curl = curl (hook above)	ins = Insular	open = open form	slash = diagonal stroke
anc = anceps	dblac = double acute accent	inv = inverted	ovl = overline	squ = square form
ang = angle	des = descending	1 = left	quad = quadrangular	st = slanted stroke
arr = arrow	dot = dot above	ll = left lower	r = right	strok = horizontal stroke
bar = bar above	dotbl = dot below	lig = ligature	rl = right lower	sub = subscript
baracr = bar across	dotless = no dot above	ligred = ligature reduced form	rot = rotunda	sup = superscript
barbl = bar below	dw = downwards	long = long form	ru = Right upper	tri = triangular
brev = breve (short)	enl = enlarged	lu = left upper	run = Runic	uml = Umlaut (diaeresis)
brk = broken	flour = flourish	lw = leftwards	rw = rightwards	unc = Uncial
circ = circumflex	grave = grave accent	macr = macron (long)	scap = small capital	upw = upwards
close = closed form	high = high position	med = medium-high position	sgl = single	
comb = combining	hook = hook above	ogon = ogonek (hook below)	sqb = square bracket	

Some entities, especially for non-alphabetical characters in *Basic Latin*, *Latin-1 Supplement* and *General Punctuation*, have shorter names, modelled on existing entity names. An updated list of ISO conformant entities can be found at the Oasis site: http://www.oasis-open.org/cover/xml-ISOents.txt

1.3. Code points

Code points are given in hexadecimal format and refer to the Unicode Standard version 5.0. The allocation of code points in the Private Use Area has been coordinated with several font projects (notably Titus and Junicode) with the aim of establishing a common usage among Medievalists. Further information can be found on the MUFI web site (http://www.mufi.info).

Code points in the Unicode Standard are usually given with the prefix 'U+', e.g. 'U+003A' for the colon, 'U+003B' for the semicolon, etc. For reasons of brevity, in this recommendation, this prefix has been omitted.

All code points are located in the Basic Multilingual Plane (BMP) of the Unicode Standard. The Private Use Area of the BMP has a total of 6,400 slots. A large number of PUA characters in this recommendation are concentrated in the section F100–F3FF, but many are also to be found in the section E000–F0FF, co-ordinated with the Titus project. Metrical characters are co-ordinated with the Alphabetum font and located in the F700–F76F section.

Characters in the PUA have been divided into subranges. Note that code points are not necessarily allocated contiguously.

Because Titus and Junicode were already established when this recommendation was made, some code-point conflicts were inevitable. This recommendation gives a single code point for every character in the PUA, but lists duplicate code points in other fonts, notably Junicode, where relevant. Characters in the PUA should be decommissioned as soon as they can be encoded with ordinary Unicode characters. Since the publication of v. 1.0 of this recommendation, a handful of characters have actually been accepted by Unicode. These characters are highlighted in yellow in Part 2 of this recommendation.

1.4. Code charts

In the Unicode Standard, characters are grouped together in code charts, containing from a handful to several hundred characters (in the case of Chinese, Japanese and Korean, several thousand characters). Characters in the Latin alphabet are found in several code charts scattered around in the Standard. In this part of the recommendation, code charts are listed in ascending code-point order, i.e. in the same order as in the Unicode Standard. This means that many categories of characters are spread on various pages, e.g. small capitals. In Part 1, for easier reference, characters are given in alphabetical order.

Abbreviation	Code chart	Abbreviation	Code chart	Abbreviation	Code chart
BasLat	Basic Latin	Run	Runic	MiscTech	Miscellaneous Technical
Lat1Suppl	Latin-1 Supplement	PhonExt	Phonetic Extensions	GeomShap	Geometrical shapes
LatExtA	Latin Extended-A	LatExtAdd	Latin Extended Additional	Dingbats	Dingbats
LatExtB	Latin Extended-B	GenPunct	General Punctuation	MiMaSymA	Miscellaneous Math. Symbols-A
IPAExt	IPA Extensions	Sup & sub	Superscripts and subscripts	SupplMathOp	Supplemental Math. Operators
SpModLet	Spacing Modifying Letters	LettSymb	Letterlike Symbols	SupplPunct	Supplemental Punctuation
CombDiaMk	Combining Diacritical Marks	NumbFo	Number Forms	AlphPresFo	Alphabetical Presentation Form
Gk & Co	Greek and Coptic	Arrows	Arrows	LatExtC	Latin Extended-C
Georg	Georgian	MathOp	Mathematical Operators	CurrSymb	Currency Symbols

1.5. Descriptive names

Each character has been given a descriptive name, as far as possible according to the rules in the Unicode Standard. *The Menota handbook* ch. 2 has further details on the interpretation of the Unicode naming rules.

In a few cases, an alternative MUFI descriptive name has been introduced. For example, the character located at 223B in *Mathematical Operators* (p. 122 below) has the name HOMOTHETIC in the Unicode Standard, but since this character could be used for a Latin abbreviation (meaning 'est'), a MUFI descriptive name has been listed, LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN EST.

2. Base and precomposed characters

In addition to the base characters a–z / A–Z, the Unicode Standard and this recommendation contains a large numbers of precomposed characters, i.e. base characters with one or more diacritic marks. These characters belong to various ISO charts that were made part of the Unicode Standard in the 1990s, but, as of version 3.0, Unicode is very unwilling to add more precomposed characters. Hereafter, new precomposed characters should be "decomposed" into a base character and one or more combining diacritical marks. This means that a character like "o with ogonek and acute accent", ' $\acute{\phi}$ ', should be encoded as a sequence of "o", "combining ogonek" and "combining acute accent", or 006F + 0328 + 0301. This also applies to precomposed characters already in the standard, e.g. "a with acute accent" which can be decomposed into "a" + "combining acute accent", or 0061 + 0301. Some examples of encodings:

Glyph	Entity name	Code point	Descriptive name
ó	&oogonacute = o + &combogon + &combacute	E60C = 006F + 0328 + 0301	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE = LATIN SMALL LETTER O + COMBINING OGONEK + COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT
á	á = a + &combacute	00E1 = 0061 + 0301	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE = LATIN SMALL LETTER A + COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT

In this part of the MUFI recommendation, characters have been given with precomposed encodings throughout. However, based on a combination of base characters in section 1 below and the combining characters in section 3, all precomposed characters can in fact be reduced to sequences of base and combining characters, thus greatly reducing the number of characters needed. For the time being, precomposed encoding is widely used, especially in languages with a limited number of precomposed characters (such as Modern English).

Because precomposed and decomposed encodings are strictly equivalent, a text encoded with precomposed characters can at a later stage be "decomposed", and vice versa. Therefore, although the use of precomposed characters is an important consideration to make, especially when embarking on large encoding projects, it is not an irretrievable decision.

Smart Font technology is needed in order to display and print decomposed characters properly. At the time of writing, this technology is not yet fully mature, and there are also several competing technologies, such as OpenType (Microsoft), Apple Advanced Typography (Apple) and Graphite (Summer Institute of Linguistics). For this reason, we believe that precomposed characters will be needed for some time.

3. Unicode resources and proposals

There are several useful web resources for the Unicode Standard and Unicode fonts. Links to further resources can be found on numerous web sites.

3.1. The Unicode Standard

The Unicode Standard can be accessed at http://www.unicode org. This site contains a wealth of information on the standard, including code charts in PDF for all ranges. There is also a printed version of the Unicode Standard, published by Addison-Wesley.

3.2. The Titus project

The Titus project (Thesaurus Indogermanischer Text- und Sprachmaterialien), founded by Jost Gippert (University of Frankfurt), has developed a font with several thousand characters in the Private Use Area (code points E000–F0FF), primarily for use in comparative linguistics. The allocation of codepoints in Titus and the MUFI character recommendation has been co-ordinated in order to avoid unnecessary code-point conflicts. For a full overview, see the Titus website at http://titus.uni-frankfurt.de

3.3. The Junicode font

Junicode is a font designed by Peter S. Baker (University of Virginia) on the basis of Junius, a 17th century font for Old English. It is available as a Unicode font (hence the name Junicode) on http://junicode.sourceforge.net with a number of characters in the Private Use Area. The allocation of code points in the MUFI character recommendation has been co-ordinated with Junicode.

3.4. The Medieval Unicode Font Initiative

The Medieval Unicode Font Initiative (MUFI) was established in July 2001 with the aim of co-ordinating work among Medieval scholars, and disseminating inexpensive or, if possible, free fonts for Medievalists. Several fonts compliant with version 1.0 of the MUFI recommendation have already been published on the MUFI web site, http://www.mufi.info/fonts. We expect that several fonts compliant with version 2.0 will be published shortly. *Andron Scriptor Web* v. 2.0 is the first of these fonts and is published simultaneously with the recommendation.

3.5. Proposals to Unicode

Members of the MUFI group and other scholars have been co-ordinating a proposal to Unicode for a number of Medieval characters. For reasons explained above, it does not contain any precomposed characters, nor any obviously variant letter forms, but it does contain many base characters. This proposal is being edited by Michael Everson and is available from the MUFI web site. A preliminary version of the proposal was sent to the Unicode Technical Committee on 2 August 2005 and the final version on 30 January 2006. Another proposal for Medieval punctuation marks, also edited by Michael Everson, is under development and will probably be finalised in the first half of 2007. In addition, two proposals by David J. Perry, US, one on Roman weight and monetary symbols and one on characters for classical Latin, should be mentioned. Some of the characters in these proposals have been included in the MUFI recommendation. Both proposals are available from *Fonts For Scholars*, http://www.scholarsfonts.net. For updates on all four proposals, see the Unicode web site.

If these proposals are finally accepted, in whole or in part, a number of characters presently in the Private Use Area will be assigned to new code points in the official Unicode Standard. This process may, however, take up to two years. In the meantime, we recommend using the code points in the Private Use Area, as listed in this document.

4. Private Use Area

Characters in the Private Use Area (PUA) should be used with great caution. The characters listed in this recommendation are supported by MUFI-compliant fonts, but if a document is displayed with another, non-compliant font, these characters will appear incorrectly (with the unlikely exception of characters that by coincidence are located at the same code points in two different fonts). For documents with a long life expectancy, it is strongly recommended that PUA characters should be encoded with mark-up or entities, and that PUA characters should be used for the final display only, whether on screen or in print. For documents with a short life expectancy, characters may be used with less caution, as long as future problems of storage and interchangeability are considered.

MUFI recommends that if a character in the PUA is accepted by the Unicode Standard, it should be decommissioned and moved to the new code point. Thus, newer versions of MUFI-compliant fonts may lack characters of this type (or, preferably, they should be shown with a warning sign). For this reason, anyone who uses a MUFI-compliant font for a document should keep a copy of that particular font, and make a PDF version of the file for future reference. Earlier versions of fonts might not be accessible at a later date

5. Colour highlighting

All characters in the Private Use Area are shown on light turqoise background. Example:

a	&aalig	EF91	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA
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Remember to use these characters with great caution.

Characters

1: Alphabetical characters

Characters are listed in this order: (1) base characters, (2) ligatures and (3) variant letter forms. Within each group, the characters with fixed modifications are listed first (bar or slash across, cedilla, ogonek, ogonek above), then any characters with loose modifications (dot below, dot above, double dot above, acute accent, double acute accent, grave accent, circumflex, tilde, ring, curl, breve, macron, breve and macron, breve and acute, macron and acute, dot and acute). Variant letter forms are listed in roughly chronological order of the style to which they belong or should be associated with, viz. Uncial (including Semi-Uncial), Carolingian, Insular, Proto-Gothic (or Late Carolingian), Gothic. If a variant letter form can be associated with several styles, it is considered a general variant and listed first among the variant letter forms. Ligatures comprise phonemic ligatures, e.g. 'æ' in the modern Nordic languages and 'æ' in Medieval Nordic, as well as non-phonemic ligatures, e.g. 'pp' and 'ff'.



Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
a	_	0061	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER A		
A	_	0041	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A		
a	&aenl	EEE0	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL A		

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

A	&ascap	1D00	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL A
a	ª	00AA	Lat1Suppl	FEMININE ORDINAL INDICATOR
ą	ą	0105	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
Ą	Ą	0104	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH OGONEK
å	&acurl	E433	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CURL
Å	&Acurl	E033	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CURL
ą	&adotbl	1EA1	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
À	&Adotbl	1EA0	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT BELOW
ā	&adot	0227	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE
À	&Adot	0226	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE
ä	ä	00E4	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
Ä	Ä	00C4	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS
á	á	00E1	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE

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Á	Á	00C1	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE
ą	&aogonacute	E404	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
Ą	&Aogonacute	E004	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
ű	&adblac	E425	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ã	&Adblac	E025	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ä	&adotacute	EBF5	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ä	&Adotacute	EBF4	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
à	à	00E0	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
À	À	00C0	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH GRAVE
â	â	00E2	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
Â	Â	00C2	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH CIRCUMFLEX
ã	ã	00E3	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH TILDE
Ã	Ã	00C3	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH TILDE

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å	å	00E5	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH RING
Å	Å	00C5	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH RING ABOVE
ả	&ahook	1EA3	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
Å	&Ahook	1EA2	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH HOOK ABOVE
ă	ă	0103	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE
Ă	Ă	0102	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE
ā	ā	0101	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON
Ā	Ā	0100	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON
ă	&amacrbreve	E410	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON AND BREVE
Ă	&Amacrbreve	E010	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON AND BREVE
ă	&abreveacute	1EAF	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
Á	&Abreveacute	1EAE	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH BREVE AND ACUTE
á	&amacracute	E40A	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH MACRON AND ACUTE

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Á	&Amacracute	E00A	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A WITH MACRON AND ACUTE			
Ligature	Ligatures						
æ	&aalig	EF91	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA			
æ	&aacloselig	EFA0	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA CLOSED FORM			
A	&AAlig	EF90	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA			
æ	&aaligenl	EFDF	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL LIGATURE AA			
a a	&aaligdotbl	EFF3	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA WITH DOT BELOW			
À	&AAligdotbl	EFF2	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA WITH DOT BELOW			
à	&aaligdot	EFEF	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA WITH DOT ABOVE			
À	&AAligdot	EFEE	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA WITH DOT ABOVE			
ä	&aaliguml	EFFF	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA WITH DIAERESIS			
Ä	&AAliguml	EFFE	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA WITH DIAERESIS			
á	&aaligacute	EFE1	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA WITH ACUTE			

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Á	&AAligacute	EFE0	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA WITH ACUTE	
ű	&aaligdblac	EFEB	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AA WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
Ä	&AAligdblac	EFEA	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AA WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
æ	æ	00E6	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE	
Æ	Æ	00C6	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE	
Æ	æscap	1D01	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL AE	
x	æred	F204	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH RIGHT UPPER LOOP	
æ	æcurl	EBEB	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH CURL	
Æ	Æcurl	EBEA	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH CURL	
æ	æogon	E440	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH OGONEK	
Ą	Æogon	E040	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH OGONEK	
æ	ædotbl	E436	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH DOT BELOW	
Æ	Ædotbl	E036	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH DOT BELOW	

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			1		
æ	ædot	E443	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH DOT ABOVE	
Æ	Ædot	E043	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH DOT ABOVE	
ä	æuml	E442	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH DIAERESIS	
Æ	Æuml	E042	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH DIAERESIS	
æ	æacute	01FD	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE	
Á	Æacute	01FC	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH ACUTE	
ű	ædblac	E441	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
Æ	Ædblac	E041	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
ă	æbreve	E43F	PUA-23	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH BREVE	
Ř	Æbreve	E03F	PUA-23	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH BREVE	
ā	æmacr	01E3	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH MACRON	
Æ	Æmacr	01E2	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH MACRON	
ă	æmacrbreve	E43D	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH MACRON AND BREVE	

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Æ	Æmacrbreve	E03D	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH MACRON AND BREVE	
ź	æmacracute	E43A	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER AE WITH MACRON AND ACUTE	
Æ	Æmacracute	E03A	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER AE WITH MACRON AND ACUTE	
af	&aflig	EFA3	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AF	
Ŧ	&afinslig	EFA4	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE A INSULAR F	
ag	&aglig	EFA5	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AG	
d	&allig	EFA6	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AL	
an	&anlig	EFA7	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AN	
ay	&anscaplig	EFA8	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE A SMALL CAPITAL N	
æ	&aolig	EF93	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO	
Æ	&AOlig	EF92	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AO	
20	&aoligenl	EFDE	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL LIGATURE AO	
۵	&aoligred	F206	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO NECKLESS	

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O	&AOligred	F205	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AO NECKLESS	
ŵ	&aoligdotbl	EFF5	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO WITH DOT BELOW	
Ą	&AOligdotbl	EFF4	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AO WITH DOT BELOW	
á	&aoligacute	EFE3	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO WITH ACUTE	
ÁÓ	&AOligacute	EFE2	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AO WITH ACUTE	
ő	&aoligdblac	EBC1	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
<i>K</i> O	&AOligdblac	EBC0	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AO WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
ф	&aplig	EFA9	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AP	
a	&arlig	EFAA	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AR	
æ	&arscaplig	EFAB	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE A SMALL CAPITAL R	
aı	&aulig	EF95	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AU	
AJ	&AUlig	EF94	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AU	
äi	&auligdotbl	EFF7	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AU WITH DOT BELOW	

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ĄJ	&AUligdotbl	EFF6	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AU WITH DOT BELOW	
áı	&auligacute	EFE5	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AU WITH ACUTE	
ÁÚ	&AUligacute	EFE4	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AU WITH ACUTE	
a	&avlig	EF97	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV	
N	&AVlig	EF96	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AV	
æ	&avligslash	EF99	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV WITH STROKE	
\mathcal{H}	&AVligslash	EF98	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AV WITH STROKE	
á	&avligslashacute	EBB1	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV WITH STROKE AND ACUTE	
Á	&AVligslashacute	EBB0	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AV WITH STROKE AND ACUTE	
ą	&avligogon	EBF1	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV WITH OGONEK	
Ą	&AVligogon	EBF0	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AV WITH OGONEK	
_a	&avligdotbl	EFF9	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV WITH DOT BELOW	
Ņ	&AVligdotbl	EFF8	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AV WITH DOT BELOW	

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LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV WITH ACUTE	
PITAL LIGATURE AV WITH ACUTE	
IGATURE AV WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
LIGATURE AV WITH DOUBLE ACUTE	
IGATURE AY	
LIGATURE AY	
IGATURE AY WITH DOT BELOW	
LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE AY WITH DOT BELOW	
IGATURE AY WITH DOT ABOVE	
LIGATURE AY WITH DOT ABOVE	
IGATURE A THORN	
ETTER A UNCIAL FORM	

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и	&aopen	F202	PUA-var	var LATIN SMALL LETTER OPEN A CAROLINGIAN FORM	
a	&ains	F200	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER A INSULAR FORM	
Δ	&Ains	F201	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A INSULAR FORM	
d	&aneckless	F215	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER NECKLESS A	
æ	&anecklesselig	EFA1	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE NECKLESS A E	
Æ	&AnecklessElig	EFAE	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE NECKLESS A E	
w	&anecklessvlig	EFA2	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE NECKLESS A V	
a	&aclose	F203	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER CLOSED A GOTHIC FORM	
A	&Asqu	F13A	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A SQUARE FORM	



Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity Code point Code chart I		Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
b	_	0062	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER B	
В	_	0042	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B	
b	&benl	EEE1	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL B	
В	&bscap	0299	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL B	
B	&bscapdot	EBD0	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL B WITH DOT ABOVE	
B	&bscapdotbl	EF25	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL B WITH DOT BELOW	
þ	&bdotbl	1E05	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW	
Ŗ	&Bdotbl	1E04	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT BELOW	
Ъ	&bdot	1E03	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE	

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B	&Bdot	1E02	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH DOT ABOVE
Ъ́	&bacute	E444	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH ACUTE
Ŕ	&Bacute	E044	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B WITH ACUTE
ъ	&bstrok	0180	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH STROKE
t	&bovlmed	E44D	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER B WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)
Ligature	s			
lb	&bblig	EEC2	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE BB
		LECZ	1 011 1	
b	&bglig	EEC3	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE BG



Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
С	_	0063	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER C		
С	_	0043	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C		
С	&cenl	EEE2	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL C		
С	&cscap	1D04	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL C		
Ç	ç	00E7	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA		
Ç	Ç	00C7	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA		
ç	&cogon	E476	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH OGONEK		
Ç	&Cogon	E076	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH OGONEK		
Ċ	&cdotbl	E466	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH DOT BELOW		

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&Cdotbl	E066	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH DOT BELOW	
ċ	010B	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE	
Ċ	010A	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH DOT ABOVE	
ć	0107	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH ACUTE	
Ć	0106	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH ACUTE	
&Covlhigh	F7B5	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)	
Ligatures				
&cklig	EEC4	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE CK	
&ctlig	EEC5	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE CT	
Variant letter forms				
&Csqu	F106	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C SQUARE FORM	
&ccurl	F198	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CURL	
&CONbase	2183	NumbFo	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL CON	
21	ċ Ċ ć Ć &Covlhigh &cklig &ctlig tter forms &Csqu &ccurl	ċ 010B Ċ 010A ć 0107 Ć 0106 &Covlhigh F7B5 &cklig EEC4 &ctlig EEC5 tter forms &Csqu F106 &ccurl F198	ċ 010B LatExtA Ċ 010A LatExtA ć 0107 LatExtA Ć 0106 LatExtA &Covlhigh F7B5 PUA-15 &cklig EEC4 PUA-1 &ctlig EEC5 PUA-1 tter forms &Csqu F106 PUA-var &ccurl F198 PUA-var	

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С	&conbase	2184	NumbFo	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL CON
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The majuscule letter, which is called ROMAN NUMERAL REVERSED ONE HUNDRED in the Unicode Standard v. 5.0, can also be used as a Claudian letter, *antisigma*. The minuscule letter is called LATIN SMALL LETTER REVERSED C in the Unicode Standard v. 5.0 and was added for reasons of case pairing.





Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
d	_	0064	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER D		
D	_	0044	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D		
d	&denl	EEE3	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL D		
D	&dscap	1D05	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL D		
đ	đ	0111	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH STROKE		
Ð	Đ	0110	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH STROKE		

For the minuscle and majuscule forms of *eth* in Medieval Nordic (and Modern Icelandic) 00F0 and 00D0 in Lat1Suppl should be used (see below).

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đ	&dovlmed	E491	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)
dĻ	&dtailstrok	E8A0	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH TAIL STROKE
d	&dtail	0256	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH TAIL
Ď	&dscapdot	EBD2	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL D WITH DOT ABOVE
ġ	&ddotbl	1E0D	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
Ď	&Ddotbl	1E0C	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT BELOW
Ď	&dscapdotbl	EF26	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL D WITH DOT BELOW
d	&ddot	1E0B	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
Ď	&Ddot	1E0A	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH DOT ABOVE
á	&dacute	E477	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH ACUTE
Ó	&Dacute	E077	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH ACUTE
ð	ð	00F0	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH
Ð	Ð	00D0	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH

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ð	ðenl	EEE5	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL ETH		
Ð	ðscap	1D06	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL ETH		
ģ	ðdotbl	E48F	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH WITH DOT BELOW		
Ð	Ðdotbl	E08F	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ETH WITH DOT BELOW		
$\overline{\mathrm{D}}$	&Dovlhigh	F7B6	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
Ligatures	Ligatures					
88	&drotdrotlig	EEC6	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE DD ROTUNDA		
Variant I	etter forms					
9	&drot	F109	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER D ROTUNDA		
9	&drotdot	EBD1	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER D ROTUNDA WITH DOT ABOVE		
δ	&drotacute	EBB2	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER D ROTUNDA WITH ACUTE		
9	&drotenl	EEE4	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER D ROTUNDA		
δ	&dscript	F216	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER SCRIPT D		

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dı	&dcurl	F193	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CURL
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≥ E

Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
e	_	0065	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER E	
Е	_	0045	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E	
е	&eenl	EEE6	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL E	
Е	&escap	1D07	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL E	
ę	ę	0119	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK	
Ę	Ę	0118	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK	
ě	&ecurl	E4E9	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CURL	
Ė	&Ecurl	E0E9	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CURL	

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ę	&eogoncurl	EBF3	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND CURL
Ę	&Eogoncurl	EBF2	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND CURL
ę	&edotbl	1EB9	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
Ė	&Edotbl	1EB8	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT BELOW
ę	&eogondot	E4EB	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE
Ė	&Eogondot	E0EB	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE
ę	&eogondotbl	E4E8	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT BELOW
Ę	&Eogondotbl	E0E8	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT BELOW
ė	ė	0117	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
Ė	Ė	0116	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE
ë	ë	00EB	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
Ë	Ë	00CB	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS
é	é	00E9	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH ACUTE

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É	É	00C9	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH ACUTE
é	&eogonacute	E499	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
É	&Eogonacute	E099	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
ő	&edblac	E4D1	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
É	&Edblac	E0D1	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ĕ	&edotacute	E4C8	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ĕ	&Edotacute	E0C8	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ę́	&eogondotacute	E4EC	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ę	&Eogondotacute	E0EC	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
- ę	&eogondblac	E4EA	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOUBLE ACUTE
Ę	&Eogondblac	E0EA	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND DOUBLE ACUTE
è	è	00E8	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH GRAVE
È	È	00C8	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH GRAVE

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ê	ê	00EA	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
Ê	Ê	00CA	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH CIRCUMFLEX
ĕ	&ebreve	0115	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH BREVE
Ĕ	&Ebreve	0114	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH BREVE
ē	ē	0113	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON
Ē	Ē	0112	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON
ē	&eogonmacr	E4BC	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
Ę	&Eogonmacr	E0BC	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
ĕ	&emacrbreve	E4B7	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND BREVE
Ĕ	&Emacrbreve	E0B7	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND BREVE
é	&emacracute	1E17	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
É	&Emacracute	1E16	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
		*		

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Ligature	Ligatures					
ey	&eylig	EEC7	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE EY		
ea	&eacombcirc	EBBD	PUA-27	LATIN SMALL LETTER EA WITH COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX		
êu	&eucombcirc	EBBE	PUA-27	LATIN SMALL LETTER EU WITH COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX		

The two latter combinations are not strictly speaking ligatures, but have been included here because they comprise two characters sharing a common diacritical mark. They have been used in Faroese orthography.

Variant letter forms

Е	&Eunc	F10A	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E UNCIAL FORM
В	&Euncclose	F217	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER CLOSED E UNCIAL FORM
ϵ	&eunc	F218	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER E UNCIAL FORM
e	&eext	F219	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER E EXTENDED BAR FORM
е	&etall	F21A	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER E TALL FORM



Base cha	Base characters			
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name
f	_	0066	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
F	_	0046	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F
f	&fenl	EEE7	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL F
F	&fscap	EF05	PUA-2	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL F
ţ	&fdotbl	E4EE	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH DOT BELOW
F	&Fdotbl	E0EE	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH DOT BELOW
Ġ	&fdot	1E1F	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
Ė	&Fdot	1E1E	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH DOT ABOVE
Ė	&fscapdot	EBD7	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL F WITH DOT ABOVE

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f	&facute	E4F0	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH ACUTE
É	&Facute	E0F0	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F WITH ACUTE
Ligature	S			
fä	&faumllig	EEC8	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE F A WITH DIAERESIS
ff	ff	FB00	AlphPresForm	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FF
fi	fi	FB01	AlphPresForm	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FI
fj	fj	EEC9	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FJ
fö	&foumllig	F1BC	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE F O WITH DIAERESIS
fl	fl	FB02	AlphPresForm	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FL
fr	&frlig	EECA	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FR
ft	&ftlig	EECB	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FT
fü	&fuumllig	EECC	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE F U WITH DIAERESIS
fy	&fylig	EECD	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FY

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ffi	ffi	FB03	AlphPresForm	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFI	
ffl	ffl	FB04	AlphPresForm	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFL	
fft	&fftlig	EECE	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFT	
ffy	&ffylig	EECF	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FFY	
fty	&ftylig	EED0	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE FTY	
Variant l	etter forms				
Ł	&fturn	214E	LettSymb	TURNED SMALL F	
Е	&Fturn	2132	LettSymb	TURNED CAPITAL F	
	This pair of characters is used for one of the Claudian letters in Latin epigraphy. Note that the small form is a turned small capital 'F' rather than a turned minuscule 'f'. TURNED SMALL F at 214E was added in the Unicode Standard v. 5.0 for reasons of case pairing.				
r	&fins	F10D	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR F	
F	&Fins	F10C	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR F	
		EEFF	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL INSULAR F	

		1	1	
Ė	&finsdot	EBD4	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR F WITH DOT ABOVE
Ė	&Finsdot	EBD3	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR F WITH DOT ABOVE
1;	&finsdothook	F21C	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR F WITH DOTTED HOOKS
p	&finssemiclose	F21B	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER SEMI-CLOSED INSULAR F
į	&finssemiclosedot	EBD5	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER SEMI-CLOSED INSULAR F WITH DOT ABOVE
B	&finsclose	F207	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER CLOSED INSULAR F
ķ	&finsclosedot	EBD6	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER CLOSED INSULAR F WITH DOT ABOVE
F.	&finsdotbl	E7E5	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR F WITH DOT BELOW
F.	&Finsdotbl	E3E5	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR F WITH DOT BELOW
ŕ	&finsacute	EBB4	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR F WITH ACUTE
ŕ	&Finsacute	EBB3	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR F WITH ACUTE
fi	&fcurl	F194	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER F WITH CURL

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Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
g	_	0067	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER G	
G	_	0047	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G	
g	&genl	EEE8	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL G	
G	&gscap	0262	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL G	
g	&gstrok	01E5	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH STROKE	
G	&Gstrok	01E4	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH STROKE	
g	&gdotbl	E501	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH DOT BELOW	
Ģ	&Gdotbl	E101	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G WITH DOT BELOW	
Ģ	&gscapdotbl	EF27	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL G WITH DOT BELOW	

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Е				
Variant letter forms				

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Б	&Gsqu	F10E	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G SQUARE FORM
8	&gdivloop	F21D	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH SEPARATE LOOPS
8	&glglowloop	F21E	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER CLOSED G WITH LARGE LOWER LOOP
g	&gsmlowloop	F21F	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER CLOSED G WITH SMALL LOWER LOOP
g	&gopen	0261	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER SCRIPT G

Although this character is intended to be used as a variant letter forms (one of many 'g' forms), there is no reason why an existing Unicode character should not be used. Because this character will otherwise only be used in phonetic notations, no conflict is likely to arise. The same considerations apply to the usage of small capitals, also used as phonetic characters.

g	&gcurl	F196	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER G WITH CURL
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Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
h	_	0068	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER H		

Н	_	0048	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H
h	&henl	EEE9	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL H
Н	&hscap	029C	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL H
h	&hhook	0266	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH HOOK
ħ	ħ	0127	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE
ħ	&hovlmed	E517	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)
ķ	&hdotbl	1E25	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
Ĥ	&Hdotbl	1E24	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT BELOW
ĥ	&Hdot	1E23	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
Ĥ	&hdot	1E22	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH DOT ABOVE
н	&hscapdot	EBDA	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL H WITH DOT ABOVE
h	&hacute	E516	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH ACUTE
Ĥ	&Hacute	E116	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H WITH ACUTE

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Ligature	Ligatures					
h	&hwair	0195	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER HV		
				TER HV but should rather be LATIN SMALL LETTER HWAIR, in analogy with the capital form, he transcription of texts in Gothic (an extinct East Germanic language).		
Н	&HWAIR	01F6	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER HWAIR		
h	&hslonglig	EBAD	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE H AND LONG S		
This chara	acter is very similar	r to the 'h' wi	th hook above (02	66), but since it is a ligature with long 's' it has the hackle typical of this character.		
ħ	&hslongligbar	E7C7	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE H AND LONG S WITH STROKE		
Variant	letter forms					
ŀ	&hhalf	2C76	LatExtC	LATIN SMALL LETTER HALF H		
F	&Hhalf	2C75	LatExtC	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER HALF H		
	This casing pair is used for a Claudian letter in Latin epigraphy. Note that the small form is based on a small capital 'H' rather than a minuscule 'h'. The small form is disputed, having been added for reasons of modern case pairing.					
b	&Hunc	F110	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER UNCIAL H		
þ	&hrdes	F23A	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH RIGHT DESCENDER		

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Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
i	_	0069	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER I	
I	_	0049	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I	
i	&ienl	EEEA	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL I	
I	&iscap	026A	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL I	
1	ı	0131	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I	
1	&inodotenl	EEFD	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL DOTLESS I	
İ	İ	0130	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE	
i	&istrok	0268	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH STROKE	
į	į	012F	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH OGONEK	

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Į	Į	012E	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH OGONEK
1	&icurl	E52A	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CURL
Ì	&Icurl	E12A	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CURL
į	&idotbl	1ECB	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
İ	&Idotbl	1ECA	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT BELOW
į	&ibrevinvbl	E548	PUA-27	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH INVERTED BREVE BELOW
ï	ï	00EF	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
Ϊ	Ï	00CF	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS
í	í	00ED	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
Í	Í	00CD	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH ACUTE
ű	&idblac	E543	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ĩ	&Idblac	E143	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ĭ	&idotacute	EBF7	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE

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Ĭ	&Idotacute	EBF6	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ì	ì	00EC	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
Ì	Ì	00CC	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH GRAVE
î	î	00EE	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
Î	Î	00CE	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH CIRCUMFLEX
i	&ihook	1EC9	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
Î	&Ihook	1EC8	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH HOOK ABOVE
ĭ	&ibreve	012D	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH BREVE
Ĭ	&Ibreve	012C	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH BREVE
<u>1</u>	ī	012B	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON
Ī	Ī	012A	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON
<u>1</u>	&iovlmed	E550	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)
Ī	&Iovlhigh	E150	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)

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Ĭ	&imacrbreve	E537	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON AND BREVE		
Ĭ	&Imacrbreve	E137	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON AND BREVE		
1	&imacracute	E535	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH MACRON AND ACUTE		
Í	&Imacracute	E135	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I WITH MACRON AND ACUTE		
Ligatures	3					
ij	ij	0133	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE IJ		
IJ	IJ	0132	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE IJ		
Variant I	Variant letter forms					
1	&ilong	F220	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG I		
I	&Ilong	F7B8	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER LONG I		



Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
j	_	006A	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER J		
J	_	004A	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J		
j	&jenl	EEEB	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL J		
J	&jscap	1D0A	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL J		
1	&jnodot	0237	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J		
J	&jnodotenl	EEFE	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL DOTLESS J		
j	&Jdot	E15C	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH DOT ABOVE		
t	&jnodotstrok	025F	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J WITH STROKE		

In many fonts, this character looks like an 'f' which has been turned (i.e. rotated 180°), but according to the descriptive name it should be designed as a dotless 'j' with a horizontal stroke. The turned 'f' should be seen as a typographical short-cut which was understandable in the days of lead typesetting.

j	&jbar	0249	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH STROKE
Ŧ	&Jbar	0248	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH STROKE
3	&jcurl	E563	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH CURL
j	&Jcurl	E163	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH CURL
ij	&juml	EBE3	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH DIAERESIS
Ï	&Juml	EBE2	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH DIAERESIS
į	&jdotbl	E551	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH DOT BELOW
Ţ	&Jdotbl	E151	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH DOT BELOW
j	&jacute	E553	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH ACUTE
Í	&Jacute	E153	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH ACUTE
Ű	&jdblac	E562	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ű	&Jdblac	E162	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ī	&jmacrmed	E554	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH MEDIUM-HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)

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J	&jovlmed	E552	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER J WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)
Ī	&Jmacrhigh	E154	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)
Ī	&Jovlhigh	E152	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)

Ligatures

No records.

Variant letter forms

No records.



Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
k	_	006B	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER K	
K	_	004B	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K	

k	&kenl	EEEC	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL K
K	&kscap	1D0B	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL K
k	&khook	0199	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH HOOK
ŧ	&kbar	E7C5	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH STROKE
K	&Kbar	E8A4	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH STROKE
ħ	&kovlmed	E7C3	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)
ķ	&kstrleg	E8A6	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH DIAGONAL STROKE
K	&Kstrleg	E8A5	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH DIAGONAL STROKE
ķ	&kstrascleg	E8A8	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH STROKE AND DIAGONAL STROKE
K	&Kstrascleg	E8A7	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH STROKE AND DIAGONAL STROKE
ķ	&kdot	E568	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH DOT ABOVE
Ķ	&Kdot	E168	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH DOT ABOVE
Ķ	&kscapdot	EBDB	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL K WITH DOT ABOVE

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&kdotbl	1E33	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
&Kdotbl	1E32	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH DOT BELOW
&kacute	1E31	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
&Kacute	1E30	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K WITH ACUTE
&kslonglig	EBAE	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE K AND LONG S
cter is very similar	to the 'k' wi	th hook above (01	99), but since it is a ligature with long 's' it has the hackle typical of this character.
&kslongligbar	E7C8	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE K AND LONG S WITH STROKE
etter forms			
&kunc	F208	PUA-var	LATIN LETTER UNCIAL K
&ksemiclose	F221	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER K SEMI-CLOSED FORM
&kclose	F209	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER K CLOSED FORM
&kcurl	F195	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER K WITH CURL
	&Kdotbl &kacute &Kacute &kslonglig eter is very similar &kslongligbar tter forms &kunc &ksemiclose &kclose	&Kdotbl 1E32 &kacute 1E31 &Kacute 1E30 &kslonglig EBAE eter is very similar to the 'k' wir &kslongligbar E7C8 tter forms &kunc F208 &ksemiclose F221 &kclose F209	&Kdotbl 1E32 LatExtAdd &kacute 1E31 LatExtAdd &Kacute 1E30 LatExtAdd &kslonglig EBAE PUA-5 etter is very similar to the 'k' with hook above (01) &kslongligbar E7C8 PUA-5 tter forms &kunc F208 PUA-var &ksemiclose F221 PUA-var &kclose F209 PUA-var

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Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
1	_	006C	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER L		
L	_	004C	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L		
1	&lenl	EEED	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL L		
L	&lscap	029F	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL L		
1	&lbar	019A	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH BAR		
ł	ł	0142	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE		
Ł	Ł	0141	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE		
1	&lstrokmed	E5B0	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH STROKE (ACROSS ASCENDER)		
The stroke	The stroke in E5B0 is placed above the x height and is thus higher than the stroke in 019A.					
Ł	&Lstrokmed	E1B0	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH STROKE (ACROSS ASCENDER)		

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1	&lovlmed	E5B1	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)			
The overl	The overline in E5B1 has the same height as the stroke in E5B0, but has full width, thus connecting with any strokes on the previous or following character.						
Ц	<ailstrok	E8AF	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH TAIL STROKE			
1	&ldotbl	1E37	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW			
Ļ	&Ldotbl	1E36	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT BELOW			
Ļ	&lscapdotbl	EF28	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL L WITH DOT BELOW			
i	&ldot	E59E	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH DOT ABOVE			
Ĺ	&Ldot	E19E	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH DOT ABOVE			
Ĺ	&lscapdot	EBDC	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL L WITH DOT ABOVE			
ĺ	ĺ	013A	LatExt-A	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH ACUTE			
Ĺ	Ĺ	0139	LatExt-A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH ACUTE			
Ī	&lmacrhigh	E596	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)			
Ī	&lovlhigh	E58C	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)			

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Ī	&Lovlhigh	F7B4	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)			
Ligature	Ligatures						
4	&lbrk	EF9C	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LETTER BROKEN L			
ኒ	&Lbrk	EF9F	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER BROKEN L			
Although	described as 'broke	en', these two	characters are lig	atures from a functional and typological point of view.			
11	&llligbar	EEC1	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LETTER MIDDLE-WELSH LL			
IL	&LLligbar	EEC0	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER MIDDLE-WELSH LL			
Variant	Variant letter forms						
1	&ldes	F222	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER L DESCENDING			



Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
m	_	006D	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER M	
M	_	004D	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M	
m	&menl	EEEE	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL M	
M	&mscap	1D0D	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL M	
mļ	&mtailstrok	E8A9	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH TAIL STROKE	
і т	&mdotbl	1E43	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW	
M	&Mdotbl	1E42	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT BELOW	
M	&mscapdotbl	EF29	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL M WITH DOT BELOW	
ṁ	&mdot	1E41	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE	

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M	&Mdot	1E40	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH DOT ABOVE		
M	&mscapdot	EBDD	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL M WITH DOT ABOVE		
ḿ	&macute	1E3F	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH ACUTE		
M	&Macute	1E3E	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH ACUTE		
m	&mmacrmed	E5B8	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH MEDIUM-HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
\bar{M}	&Mmacrhigh	E1B8	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
$\overline{\mathbf{m}}$	&movlmed	E5D2	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$	&Movlhigh	E1D2	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
Ligatures	3					
No record	No records.					
Variant I	Variant letter forms					
m	&mrdes	F223	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER M WITH RIGHT DESCENDER		
m	&munc	F225	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER UNCIAL M		

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M	&Munc	F11A	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER UNCIAL M
m	&muncdes	F226	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER UNCIAL M WITH RIGH DESCENDER
m)	&Muncdes	F224	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER UNCIAL M WITH RIGHT DESCENDER
ń	&muncacute	EBB6	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER UNCIAL M WITH ACUTE
Ń	&Muncacute	EBB5	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER UNCIAL M WITH ACUTE
W	&M5leg	F227	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER FIVE-LEGGED M

20 N

Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
n	_	006E	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER N		
N	_	004E	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N		
n	&nenl	EEEF	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL N		

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N	&nscap	0274	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N
h	&nscapldes	F22B	PUA-var	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N WITH LEFT DESCENDER
η	&nlrleg	019E	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LONG RIGHT LEG
n	&nlfhook	0272	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LEFT HOOK
nļ	&ntailstrok	E8AA	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TAIL STROKE
'n	&ndot	1E45	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
Ń	&Ndot	1E44	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT ABOVE
'n	&nscapdot	EF21	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N WITH DOT ABOVE
ń	ń	0144	LatExt-A	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
Ń	Ń	0143	LatExt-A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH ACUTE
ņ	&ndotbl	1E47	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
Ņ	&Ndotbl	1E46	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH DOT BELOW
Ņ	&nscapdotbl	EF2A	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N WITH DOT BELOW

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ñ	ñ	00F1	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH TILDE		
Ñ	Ñ	00D1	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH TILDE		
ñ	&nmacrmed	E5DC	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH MEDIUM-HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
N	&Nmacrhigh	E1DC	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH HIGH MACRON (ABOVE CHARACTER)		
Ligature	s					
ŋ	ŋ	014B	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER ENG		
Ŋ	Ŋ	014A	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER ENG		
Á	This rather unusua SLANTED STROK			g/ has been listed under Q below with the name LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH CENTRAL small letter Q.		
Ŋ	&nscapslonglig	EED5	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE SMALL CAPITAL N LONG S		
Variant	Variant letter forms					
ŋ	&nrdes	F228	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH RIGHT DESCENDER		
Ŋ	&Nrdes	F229	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N WITH RIGHT DESCENDER		

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1)	&nscaprdes	F22A	PUA-var	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N WITH RIGHT DESCENDER
กิ	&nflour	F19A	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH FLOURISH



Base ch	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
О	_	006F	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER O		
О	_	004F	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O		
О	&oenl	EEF0	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL O		
О	&oscap	1D0F	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL O		
0	º	00BA	Lat1Suppl	MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR		
Q	&oogon	01EB	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK		
Q	&Oogon	01EA	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK		

ò	&ocurl	E7D3	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CURL
Ò	&Ocurl	E3D3	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CURL
ģ	&oogoncurl	E64F	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND CURL
Q	&Oogoncurl	E24F	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND CURL
ő	&ocurlacute	EBB8	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CURL AND ACUTE
Ő	&Ocurlacute	EBB7	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CURL AND ACUTE
Ø	ø	00F8	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE
Ø	Ø	00D8	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE
ø	øcurl	E7D4	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND CURL
Ø	Øcurl	E3D4	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND CURL
Ø	øogon	E655	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND OGONEK
Ø	Øogon	E255	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND OGONEK
Ò	&odotbl	1ECD	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW

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Ò	&Odotbl	1ECC	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOT BELOW
Ø.	ødotbl	EBE1	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT BELOW
Ø	Ødotbl	EBE0	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT BELOW
ò	⊙	022F	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOT ABOVE
Ò	&Odot	022E	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOT ABOVE
ģ	&oogondot	EBDF	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE
Ò	&Oogondot	EBDE	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE
ō	&oogonmacr	01ED	LatExt-B	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
Ō	&Oogonmacr	01EC	LatExt-B	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND MACRON
ġ	ødot	EBCE	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT ABOVE
Ø	Ødot	EBCD	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT ABOVE
Q	&oogondotbl	E608	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT BELOW
Q	&Oogondotbl	E208	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT BELOW

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ö	ö	00F6	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
Ö	Ö	00D6	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS
ó	ó	00F3	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
Ó	Ó	00D3	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH ACUTE
ģ	øacute	01FF	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
Ø	Øacute	01FE	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND ACUTE
ő	ødblac	EBC7	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOUBLE ACUTE
Ő	Ødblac	EBC6	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOUBLE ACUTE
ó	&oogonacute	E60C	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
Ó	&Oogonacute	E20C	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND ACUTE
ģ	øogonacute	E657	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND OGONEK AND ACUTE
Ó	Øogonacute	E257	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND OGONEK AND ACUTE
ő	ő	0151	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

Ő	Ő	0150	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ő	&odotacute	EBF9	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ő	&Odotacute	EBF8	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ő	&oogondotacute	EBFB	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ő	&Oogondotacute	EBFA	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ø	ødotacute	EBFD	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ø	Ødotacute	EBFC	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ő	&oogondblac	EBC5	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOUBLE ACUTE
Ő	&Oogondblac	EBC4	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH OGONEK AND DOUBLE ACUTE
ò	ò	00F2	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
Ò	Ò	00D2	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH GRAVE
ô	ô	00F4	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX
Ô	Ô	00D4	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH CIRCUMFLEX

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õ	õ	00F5	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH TILDE
Õ	Õ	00D5	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH TILDE
ỏ	&ohook	1ECF	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
Ŏ	&Ohook	1ECE	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH HOOK ABOVE
ŏ	&obreve	014F	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH BREVE
Ŏ	&Obreve	014E	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH BREVE
ğ	øbreve	EBEF	PUA-23	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND BREVE
Ŏ	Øbreve	EBEE	PUA-23	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND BREVE
ō	ō	014D	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON
Ō	Ō	014C	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON
ō	ømacr	E652	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON
Ø	Ømacr	E252	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON
ŏ	&omacrbreve	E61B	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND BREVE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

Ŏ	&Omacrbreve	E21B	PUA-24 LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND BREVE	
ğ	ømacrbreve	E653	PUA-24 LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON AND BREVE	
Ŏ	Ømacrbreve	E253	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON AND BREVE
Ó	&omacracute	1E53	LatExtAdd LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE	
Ó	&Omacracute	1E52	LatExtAdd LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH MACRON AND ACUTE	
ģ	ømacracute	EBED	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON AND ACUTE
Ø	Ømacracute	EBEC	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH STROKE AND MACRON AND ACUTE
Ligatures				
\propto	&oclig	EFAD	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OC
œ	œ	0153	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE
Œ	Œ	0152	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE
Œ	&oeligscap	0276	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL OE
œ	&oeligenl	EFDD	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL LIGATURE OE

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O	&Oloop	F20C	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE WITH LOOP
O	&oloop	F20D	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE WITH LOOP
œ́	&oeligacute	E659	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE WITH ACUTE
Œ	&OEligacute	E259	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE WITH ACUTE
ő	&oeligdblac	EBC9	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ű	&OEligdblac	EBC8	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
- æ	&oeligmacr	E65D	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OE WITH MACRON
Ē	&OEligmacr	E25D	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OE WITH MACRON
∞	&oolig	F20B	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OO
∞	&OOlig	F20A	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OO
Ö	&ooliguml	EBE5	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OO WITH DIAERESIS
Ö	&OOliguml	EBE4	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OO WITH DIAERESIS
ώ	&ooligacute	EFE9	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OO WITH ACUTE

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Ó	&OOligacute	EFE8	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OO WITH ACUTE
ő	&ooligdblac	EFED	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OO WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ő	&OOligdblac	EFEC	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OO WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ŵ	&ooligdotbl	EFFD	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE OO WITH DOT BELOW
ŵ	&OOligdotbl	EFFC	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE OO WITH DOT BELOW

Variant letter forms

a &oopen 0254 IPAExt LATIN SMALL LETTER OP	LIVO
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This character is primarily used in phonetic transcriptions, e.g. for the Old Norse low back vowel $\langle q \rangle$. It can also be used for the Latin abbreviation sign 'con', but we recommend using the reversed 'c' for this usage; see under the letter 'C' above.



Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name
p	_	0070	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER P

P	_	0050	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P
p	&penl	EEF1	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL P
P	&pscap	1D18	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL P
p	&pbardes	E670	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER
₽	&Pbardes	E270	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER
ф	&pflour	E67D	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH FLOURISH
Ъ	&Pflour	E27D	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH FLOURISH
φ	&psquirrel	E8AE	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH SQUIRREL TAIL
Ψ	&Psquirrel	E8AD	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH SQUIRREL TAIL
þ	&pdotbl	E66D	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH DOT BELOW
Þ	&Pdotbl	E26D	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH DOT BELOW
ģ	&pdot	1E57	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE
Ė	&Pdot	1E56	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH DOT ABOVE

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P	&pscapdot	EBCF	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL P WITH DOT ABOVE	
ģ	&pacute	1E55	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER P WITH ACUTE	
Ý	&Pacute	1E54	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P WITH ACUTE	
Ligature	Ligatures				
p	&pplig	EED6	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE PP	
P	&PPlig	EEDD	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE PP	
æ	&ppflourlig	EED7	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE PP WITH FLOURISH	
Ϊ̈́	&ppliguml	EBE7	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE PP WITH DIAERESIS	
ΪΫ	&PPliguml	EBE6	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE PP WITH DIAERESIS	
Variant	Variant letter forms				
No record	No records.				



Base cha	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
q	_	0071	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q	
Q	_	0051	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q	
q	&qenl	EEF2	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL Q	
Q	&qscap	EF0C	PUA-2	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL Q	
92	&qslstrok	E8B1	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH DIAGONAL STROKE	
Q/	&Qslstrok	E8B0	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q WITH DIAGONAL STROKE	
q	&qbardes	E68A	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER	
Q	&Qbardes	E8B2	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER	
æ	&q2app	E8B3	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q LIGATED WITH R ROTUNDA	

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q ₃	&q3app	E8BF	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q LIGATED WITH FINAL ET	
Á	&qcentrslstrok	E8B4	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH CENTRAL SLANTED STROKE	
This is an	unusual character	attested in ea	rly Icelandic scrip	ot for /ng/. Cf. Hreinn Benediktsson, Early Icelandic Script, p. 53.	
q	&qdotbl	E688	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH DOT BELOW	
Q	&Qdotbl	E288	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q WITH DOT BELOW	
ġ	&qdot	E682	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q WITH DOT ABOVE	
Q	&Qdot	E282	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q WITH DOT ABOVE	
Ligatures	3				
No record	No records.				
Variant I	Variant letter forms				
q	&Qstem	F22C	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q WITH STEM	

01A6



Ŕ

&YR;

Base characters

Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name
r	_	0072	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
R	_	0052	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R
r	&renl	EEF3	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL R
R	&rscap	0280	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R
The runic character \downarrow in the common Germanic runes (the older futhark) had the name yr and has in modern times been transliterated with 0280 LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R. Since runes do not exhibit any distinction between small and capital form, the small capital letter R is all that is needed for transliterating purposes, but a capital counterpart has nonetheless been accepted by the Unicode Standard; cf. 01A6 below.				

The character 01A6 is the capital form of the small capital character 0280 when used for transliterating the runic character k in the common Germanic runes and as such of very marginal use (e.g. if runic transliteration should be capitalised as part of a book title or in similar, derived contexts).

LATIN LETTER YR

γ &rdes 027C IPAExt LATIN SMALL LETTER R WIT
--

LatExtB

The character 027C is primarily used in phonetic transcriptions. It can also be used for a variant of 0072 LATIN SMALL LETTER R used in Carolingian style. Note that it should not be mixed with LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S DESCENDING (see variant letter forms under S below) and probably not with LATIN ENLARGED SMALL LETTER R WITH DESCENDER (see variant letter forms under R below).

rţ	&rtailstrok	E8B5	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH TAIL STROKE
R.	&rscaptailstrok	E8B6	PUA-5	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R WITH TAIL STROKE
R.	&Rtailstrok	211E	LettSymb	PRESCRIPTION TAKE

The Unicode descriptive name should rather have been RECIPE (i.e. 'take!'). Suggested MUFI name: LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH TAIL STROKE. The tail stroke should not be drawn so that it looks like an 'x' added to a capital 'R'.

R/	&Rslstrok	211F	LettSymb	RESPONSE
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It is questionable whether 211E PRESCRIPTION TAKE and 211F RESPONSE should be recognised as different characters, but since they in fact appear as different characters in the Unicode Standard, we recommend that both should be included in MUFI-compatible fonts.

ŗ	&rdotbl	1E5B	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
Ŗ	&Rdotbl	1E5A	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT BELOW
ŕ	&rdot	1E59	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
Ř	&Rdot	1E58	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH DOT ABOVE
Ŕ	&rscapdot	EF22	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R WITH DOT ABOVE

ŕ	ŕ	0155	LatExt-A	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
Ŕ	Ŕ	0154	LatExt-A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R WITH ACUTE
Ŗ	&rscapdotbl	EF2B	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R WITH DOT BELOW
Ligatures				
No records.				

Variant letter forms

2	&rrot	F20E	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER R ROTUNDA
2	&Rrot	F22D	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R ROTUNDA
2	&rrotdotbl	E7C1	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER R ROTUNDA WITH DOT BELOW
ź	&rrotacute	EBB9	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER R ROTUNDA WITH ACUTE
p	&rins	F125	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR R
r	&rflour	F19B	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH FLOURISH



Base c	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
S	_	0073	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER S		
S	_	0053	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S		
S	&senl	EEF4	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL S		
S	&sscap	EF0E	PUA-2	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL S		
The sma	all capital 's' (EF0E) is very simil	ar to the small '	s' (0073). It is sometimes used to denote geminates in Old Icelandic, e.g. os = óss 'river mouth'.		
Ġ	⋅	1E61	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE		
Š	&Sdot	1E60	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT ABOVE		
Ġ	&sscapdot	EF23	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL S WITH DOT ABOVE		
Ś	ś	015B	LatExt-A	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH ACUTE		

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A ligature of 'k' and long 's'. Listed under 'K' above.

fi

ƙ

Ś	Ś	015A	LatExt-A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH ACUTE	
ş	&sdotbl	1E63	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW	
Ş	&Sdotbl	1E62	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S WITH DOT BELOW	
Ş	&sscapdotbl	EF2C	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL S WITH DOT BELOW	
Ligatui	Ligatures				
ß	ß	00DF	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S	
_	lly, the 'sharp s' was e name LATIN ABBI	_		73 's'. The 'sharp s' is also listed in section 4 below with the entity name '&ssharp' and the de-	
ß	&SZlig	E3E4	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER SHARP S	
e.g. in s	According to v. 5.0 of the Unicode Standard, 'SS' is the capital form of '\(\beta\)', but there are in fact many modern examples of a specific capital form of '\(\beta\)', e.g. in some of the Duden dictionaries (on the title page itself, DER GROßE DUDEN). The earliest attested example in print is from 1879. For a full discussion of this character, see the journal SIGNA vol. 9 (2006).				
h	f A ligature of 'h' and long 's'. Listed under 'H' above.				

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A ligature of 'h' and long 's' with a bar across the ascender to indicate an abbreviation. Listed under 'H' above.

Ŕ	A ligature of 'k' an	A ligature of 'k' and long 's' with a bar across the ascender to indicate an abbreviation. Listed under 'K' above.					
р	A ligature of 'þ' (t	A ligature of 'p' (thorn) and long 's'. Listed under 'P' below.					
þ	A ligature of 'þ' (t	horn) and long	g 's' with a bar	across the ascender to indicate an abbreviation. Listed under 'P' below.			
ſä	&slongaumllig	EBA0	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S A WITH DIAERESIS			
ſh	&slonghlig	EBA1	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S H			
ſi	&slongilig	EBA2	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S I			
ſl	&slongllig	EBA3	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S L			
ſö	&slongoumllig	EBA4	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S O WITH DIAERESIS			
ſþ	&slongplig	EBA5	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S P			
ſſ	&slongslonglig	EBA6	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S LONG S			
ffi	&slongslongilig	EBA7	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S LONG S I			
M	&slongslongllig	EBA8	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S LONG S L			
st	&stlig	FB06	AlphPresFo	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE ST			

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st	&slongtlig	FB05	AlphPresFo	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S T	
sti	&slongtilig	EBA9	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S TI	
str	&slongtrlig	EBAA	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S TR	
fü	&slonguumllig	EBAB	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S U WITH DIAERESIS	
þ	&slongvinslig	EBAC	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE LONG S INSULAR V	
Varian	Variant letter forms				
ſ	&slong	017F	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S	
ł	&slongbarslash	F14F	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH DIAGONAL STROKE	
f	&slongbar	E7FF	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH STROKE	
f	&slongovlmed	E79E	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)	
1	The overline in E79E has full width and thus connects with any previous or following overlines, while the bar in E7FF is shorter, and not connecting. The height of both bars should be the same.				
Ų	&slongslstrok	E8B8	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH SLANTED DESCENDING STROKE	

Þ	&slongflour	E8B7	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH FLOURISH			
	This character is used in Medieval Nordic for abbreviations of words like 'ser' and 'son', and also as an abbreviation of 'sælda' (of <i>sáld</i>) in the Middle Norwegian measurement <i>halfsælda</i> , '4½ pails of butter', "hæf§".						
Í	&slongacute	EBAF	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH ACUTE			
ſ	&slongdes	F127	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S DESCENDING			
į	&slongdotbl	E7C2	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S WITH DOT BELOW			
8	&Sclose	F126	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S CLOSED FORM			
S	&sclose	F128	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER S CLOSED FORM			
r	&sins	F22E	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR S			

The Insular 's' can easily be taken for the long-stemmed Carolingian 'r', i.e. 'Ţ'. For the latter letterform, we recommend using 027C in *IPA Extensions*.



Base ch	Base characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
t	_	0074	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER T	
Т	_	0054	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T	
t	&tenl	EEF5	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL T	
Т	&tscap	1D1B	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL T	
tţ	&ttailstrok	E8B9	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH TAIL STROKE	
ţ	&togon	E6EE	PUA-22	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH OGONEK	
Ţ	&Togon	E2EE	PUA-22	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH OGONEK	
ţ	&tdotbl	1E6D	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW	
Ţ	&Tdotbl	1E6C	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT BELOW	

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t	⃛	1E6B	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
Ť	&Tdot	1E6A	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH DOT ABOVE
Ť	&tscapdot	EF24	PUA-18	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL T WITH DOT ABOVE
Ţ	&tscapdotbl	EF2D	PUA-19	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL T WITH DOT BELOW
ť	&tacute	E6E2	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH ACUTE
Ť	&Tacute	E2E2	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T WITH ACUTE
Ligatur	res			
tr	&trlig	EED8	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE TR
tt	&ttlig	EED9	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE TT
π	&trottrotlig	EEDA	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE T ROTUNDA T ROTUNDA
ty	&tylig	EEDB	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE TY
tz	&tzlig	EEDC	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE TZ

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Variant	Variant letter forms					
τ	&trot	F129	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER T ROTUNDA		
7	&Trot	F22F	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T ROTUNDA		
tı	&tcurl	F199	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CURL		



Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
u	_	0075	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER U		
U	_	0055	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U		
u	&uenl	EEF7	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL U		
U	&uscap	1D1C	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL U		
tt	&ubar	0289	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER U BAR		

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ų	ų	0173	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
Ų	Ų	0172	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH OGONEK
ů	&ucurl	E731	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CURL
Ů	&Ucurl	E331	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CURL
ų	&udotbl	1EE5	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
Ų	&Udotbl	1EE4	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW
ŭ	&ubrevinvbl	E727	PUA-27	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH INVERTED BREVE BELOW
ů	&udot	E715	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT ABOVE
Ù	&Udot	E315	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOT ABOVE
ü	ü	00FC	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
Ü	Ü	00DC	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS
ú	ú	00FA	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH ACUTE
Ú	Ú	00DA	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH ACUTE

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ű	ű	0171	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ű	Ű	0170	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ű	&udotacute	EBFF	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ű	&Udotacute	EBFE	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ù	ù	00F9	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
Ù	Ù	00D9	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH GRAVE
û	û	00FB	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
Û	Û	00DB	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH CIRCUMFLEX
ů	&uhook	1EE7	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
Ů	&Uhook	1EE6	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH HOOK ABOVE
ũ	&ucurlbar	EBBF	PUA-27	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH CURLY BAR ABOVE
ŭ	ŭ	016D	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH BREVE
Ŭ	Ŭ	016C	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH BREVE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

ū	ū	016B	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON
Ū	Ū	016A	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON
ŭ	&umacrbreve	E70B	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND BREVE
Ŭ	&Umacrbreve	E30B	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND BREVE
ú	&umacracute	E709	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND ACUTE
Ú	&Umacracute	E309	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U WITH MACRON AND ACUTE

No records.

Variant letter forms

No records.



Base cha	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
V	_	0076	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER V		
V	_	0056	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V		
V	&venl	EEF8	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL V		
V	&vscap	1D20	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL V		
*/	&vslash	E8BA	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH SHORT SLASH		
This char	acter is typically us	sed as a Roma	n numeral for fou	r and a half (4½). A similar slashed character (for 9½) is listed under 'X' below.		
×	&vdiagstrok	E8BC	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DIAGONAL STROKE		
W	&Vslstrok	2123	LettSymb	VERSICLE		
Ÿ	&vdotbl	1E7F	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW		

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

	1		1	
Ņ	&Vdotbl	1E7E	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DOT BELOW
v	&vdot	E74C	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DOT ABOVE
V	&Vdot	E34C	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DOT ABOVE
ÿ	&vuml	E742	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DIAERESIS
Ÿ	&Vuml	E342	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DIAERESIS
ý	&vacute	E73A	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH ACUTE
Ý	&Vacute	E33A	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH ACUTE
ű	&vdblac	E74B	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ű	&Vdblac	E34B	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
v	&vmacr	E74D	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER V WITH MACRON
V	&Vmacr	E34D	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH MACRON
\overline{V}	&Vovlhigh	F7B2	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER V WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

Historically speaking, the character W is a ligature of (vv) or (uu) ('double u'), but has been accepted as a separate character in the Latin alphabet.

Variant letter forms

P	&wynn	01BF	LatExtB	LATIN LETTER WYNN
p	&WYNN	01F7	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER WYNN

The character WYNN was originally a Runic letter in the common Germanic runic alphabet, (16B9), called *wynn* in the Anglo-Saxon Rune poem. It was borrowed into the Latin alphabet in England to denote /w/ and is usually rendered with <w> in simplified transcriptions.

Y	&vins	F211	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND)
P	&Vins	F210	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND)

The Medieval Nordic form of this character is based on the Old English character WYNN (01BF), but it is open at the top, and often has a dot above to distinguish it from $\langle y \rangle$. It was used to denote $\langle v \rangle$ and is always rendered with $\langle v \rangle$ in simplified transcriptions. Since it was borrowed from Old English, it is usually referred to as an Insular character, although it ultimately derives from the Runic alphabet. However, at the time of borrowing in the 11th century, the runic character \rangle (16B9) had been replaced by \rangle (16A2) in the younger futhark.

ŀ.	&vinsdotbl	E7E6	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH DOT BELOW
<i>P</i> :	&Vinsdotbl	E3E6	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH DOT BELOW
Ϋ́	&vinsdot	E7E7	PUA-18	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH DOT ABOVE

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Ϋ́	&Vinsdot	E3E7	PUA-18	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH DOT ABOVE
Ý	&vinsacute	EBBB	PUA-16	LATIN SMALL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH ACUTE
Ý	&Vinsacute	EBBA	PUA-16	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER INSULAR V (VEND) WITH ACUTE
G	&vwelsh	F231	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER MIDDLE-WELSH V
D	&Vwelsh	F230	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER MIDDLE-WELSH V



The Old English character WYNN, , is often collated with W and transcribed with <w>, but, due to its development in Medieval Nordic, where it was analysed as and used to denote /v/, it has been listed under variant letter forms of the character V above.

Base cha	Base characters							
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name				
W	_	0077	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER W				
W	_	0057	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W				

***	0 1	EEEO	DITA 2	I ATIM ENI ADGED I ETTED GMALL W
W	&wenl	EEF9	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL W
W	&wscap	1D21	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL W
w	&wdotbl	1E89	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
W	&Wdotbl	1E88	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT BELOW
w	&wdot	1E87	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
Ŵ	&Wdot	1E86	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOT ABOVE
Ü	&wuml	1E85	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
W	&Wuml	1E84	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DIAERESIS
Ŵ	&wacute	1E83	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
Ŵ	&Wacute	1E82	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH ACUTE
w	&wdblac	E750	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER W WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
W	&Wdblac	E350	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W WITH DOUBLE ACUTE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

The character W is itself a ligature, so additional ligatures are not likely.

Variant letter forms

No records.



Base cha	aracters							
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name				
X	_	0078	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER X				
X	_	0058	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X				
X	&xenl	EEFA	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL X				
X	&xscap	EF11	PUA-2	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL X				
х	&xmod	02E3	SpModLet	MODIFIER LETTER SMALL X				

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

X	&xslashula	E8BD	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH SHORT SLASH ABOVE			
X	&xslashlra	E8BE	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH SHORT SLASH BELOW			
The two c	The two characters above are typically used as a Roman numeral for nine and a half (9½).						
$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	&Xovlhigh	F7B3	PUA-15	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH HIGH OVERLINE (ABOVE CHARACTER)			
Ligature	s						
No record	ds.						
Variant	Variant letter forms						
Х	&xldes	F232	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH LEFT DESCENDER			



Base characters Glyph Entity Code point Code chart Unicode descriptive name y - 0079 BasLat LATIN SMALL LETTER Y

Y	_	0059	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y
У	¥l	EEFB	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL Y
Y	&yscap	028F	IPAExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL Y
ỷ	&ycurl	E785	PUA-21	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH CURL
Ý	&Ycurl	E385	PUA-21	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH CURL
У.	&ydotbl	1EF5	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
Ÿ	&Ydotbl	1EF4	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT BELOW
ý	&ydot	1E8F	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE
Ý	&Ydot	1E8E	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE
ÿ	ÿ	00FF	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
Ÿ	Ÿ	0178	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS
ý	ý	00FD	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE
Ý	Ý	00DD	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH ACUTE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

ű	&ydblac	E77C	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
Ϋ́	&Ydblac	E37C	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOUBLE ACUTE
ÿ	&ydotacute	E784	PUA-26	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
Ÿ	&Ydotacute	E384	PUA-26	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH DOT ABOVE AND ACUTE
ý	&yhook	1EF7	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
Ý	&Yhook	1EF6	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH HOOK ABOVE
ğ	&ybreve	E776	PUA-23	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH BREVE
Ϋ́	&Ybreve	E376	PUA-23	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH BREVE
\bar{y}	&ymacr	0233	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH MACRON
Ÿ	&Ymacr	0232	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH MACRON
ğ	&ymacrbreve	E775	PUA-24	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH MACRON AND BREVE
Ϋ́	&Ymacrbreve	E375	PUA-24	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH MACRON AND BREVE
ģ	&ymacracute	E773	PUA-25	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH MACRON AND ACUTE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

Ý	&Ymacracute	E373	PUA-25	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH MACRON AND ACUTE				
Ligatures	Ligatures							
w	&yylig	F213	PUA-1	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE YY				
W	&YYlig	F212	PUA-1	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE YY				
	The 'y+y' ligature was introduced by the Icelander Jón Ólafsson from Grunnavík in the 18th century. Cf. Jón Helgason, <i>Jon Olafsson fra Grunnavík</i> , Copenhagen 1926. Due to its graphical shape, the ligature might also be called a 'v+y' ligature.							
ÿ	&yyliguml	EBE9	PUA-20	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE YY WITH DIAERESIS				
Ÿ	&YYliguml	EBE8	PUA-20	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE YY WITH DIAERESIS				
űy	&yyligdblac	EBCB	PUA-17	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE YY WITH DOUBLE ACUTE				
Ű	&YYligdblac	EBCA	PUA-17	LATIN CAPITAL LIGATURE YY WITH DOUBLE ACUTE				
Variant I	etter forms							
У	&yrgmainstrok	F233	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH RIGHT MAIN STROKE				
У	&yloop	F237	PUA-var	LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH LOOP				

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

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2	7	&Yloop	F236	PUA-var	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH LOOP		
Т	This pair of characters is used by some Welsh medievalists to denote the <i>schwa</i> sound of <y>.</y>						

2 Z

The character EZH, <3>, is derived from Z, but is now analysed as a separate charater. See YOGH, EZH immediately below.

Base cha	Base characters							
Glyph	yph Entity Code point Code chart		Code chart	Unicode descriptive name				
Z	_	007A	BasLat	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z				
Z	_	005A	BasLat	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z				
Z	&zenl	EEFC	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL Z				
Z	&zscap	1D22	PhonExt	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL Z				
Z	&zstrok	01B6	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH STROKE				
Z	&Zstrok	01B5	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH STROKE				

Ż	&zdotbl	1E93	LatExtAdd	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
Ż	&Zdotbl	1E92	LatExtAdd	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT BELOW
ż	ż	017C	LatExtA	LATIN SMALL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE
Ż	Ż	017B	LatExtA	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z WITH DOT ABOVE

No records.

Variant letter forms

No records.

YOGH, EZH

The character YOGH, <3>, was used in Middle English and Middle Scots for [j] and various velar sounds, e.g. [g], [dz], [k] and [ŋ]. It is a development from the Insular form of G, <5>, which in Old English was used for [g], [r] and [j]. In Middle English, both the Carolingian form <g> and YOGH <3> were used; <g> for [g] and [dz], and <3> for [r] and [j]. Hence, the characters <g> and <3> should be distinguished. As for the Insular form of G, <5>, this has been accepted as a Unicode character due to its usage as a phonetic character (see under G above); whether this character should be used in transcriptions of Old English primary sources rather than the ordinary <g> is a matter of discussion.

In many modern transcriptions, the numeral 3 has been used for YOGH; with a Unicode font, there is no need to do so any more.

The character EZH, <z>, is also called TAILED Z and is derived from the Latin character Z. It is used in some orthographies of the Sámi Language, in some African languages and in many editions of English sources by the Early English Text Society. To distinguish EZH from the unrelated YOGH, the upper part of the YOGH was made into a curvature in 19th century fonts. The two characters YOGH and EZH are systematically distinguished in *Oxford English Dictionary* as well as in editions by the Early English Text Society.

In Unicode v. 1.0, the character YOGH, <3>, was unified with the character EZH, <3>, but the two characters were disambiguated in Unicode v. 3.0. For more information about these characters, please refer to *Wikipedia* s.v. YOGH (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ezh) and EZH (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yogh), and the extensive documentation by Michael Everson, http://www.evertype.com/standards/wynnyogh/ezhyogh.html.

Base cha	Base characters								
Glyph Entity Code point Code chart Unicode descriptive name				Unicode descriptive name					
3	&ezh	0292	IPAExt	LATIN SMALL LETTER EZH					
3	&EZH	01B7	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER EZH					
3	&yogh	021D	LatExtB	LATIN SMALL LETTER YOGH					
3	&YOGH	021C	LatExtB	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER YOGH					



The character P was originally a Runic letter in the common Germanic runic alphabet, P (16AG), called *thorn* in the Anglo-Saxon rune poem. It was borrowed into the Latin alphabet in England to denote the interdental fricative P and is usually rendered with P in simplified transcriptions. It was introduced into Medieval Nordic writing and retained its English name *thorn*, although the runic character P had the Nordic name *thurs*. The fact that the name *thorn* was used in Medieval Nordic is one of several examples of the English influence on early Medieval Nordic, especially Old Norwegian, script.

Base ch	Base characters							
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name				
þ	þ	00FE	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN				
Þ	Þ	00DE	Lat1Suppl	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN				
þ	þenl	EEF6	PUA-3	LATIN ENLARGED LETTER SMALL THORN				
Þ	þscap	EF15	PUA-2	LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL THORN				
ħ	þbar	E736	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN WITH STROKE				
Þ	Þbar	E336	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN WITH STROKE				
Þ	þovlmed	E7A2	PUA-15	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN WITH MEDIUM-HIGH OVERLINE (ACROSS ASCENDER)				

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

ħ	þbarslash	F149	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN WITH DIAGONAL STROKE			
Ъ	Þbarslash	E337	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN WITH DIAGONAL STROKE			
þ	þbardes	E7A0	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER			
\$	Þbardes	E3A0	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN WITH STROKE THROUGH DESCENDER			
þ	þdotbl	E79F	PUA-19	LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN WITH DOT BELOW			
Þ	Þdotbl	E39F	PUA-19	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER THORN WITH DOT BELOW			
Ligatur	Ligatures						
б	þslonglig	E734	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LIGATURE THORN AND LONG S			
-							

The ligature of 'p' and the long 's' was used in Medieval Nordic abbreviations for words like 'pess', often with a bar across the ascender to indicate that it was an abbreviation.

LATIN SMALL LIGATURE THORN AND LONG S WITH STROKE

Variant letter forms

þslongligbar;

E735

PUA-5

No records.



The characters 'æ' and 'å' are listed under 'A' above, and 'ø' under 'O'.

2: Numbers

Numbers are listed in this order: (1) base characters, (2) fractions, (3) superscript, (4) subscript, and (5) Roman numerals. As a rule, we recommend that Roman numerals are encoded using the ordinary characters I, V, X, L, C and D. The few exceptions are listed below.

Base cha	Base characters							
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name				
0	_	0030	BasLat	DIGIT ZERO				
1	_	0031	BasLat	DIGIT ONE				
2	_	0032	BasLat	DIGIT TWO				
3	_	0033	BasLat	DIGIT THREE				
4	_	0034	BasLat	DIGIT FOUR				
5	_	0035	BasLat	DIGIT FIVE				
6	_	0036	BasLat	DIGIT SIX				
7	_	0037	BasLat	DIGIT SEVEN				

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

8	_	0038	BasLat	DIGIT EIGHT					
9	_	0039	BasLat	DIGIT NINE					
Fraction	Fractions								
1/4	¼	00BC	Lat1Suppl	VULGAR FRACTION ONE QUARTER					
1/2	½	00BD	Lat1Suppl	VULGAR FRACTION ONE HALF					
3/4	¾	00BE	Lat1Suppl	VULGAR FRACTION THREE QUARTERS					
Superscr	ipt numbers								
0	&sup0	2070	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT ZERO					
1	¹	00B9	Lat1Suppl	SUPERSCRIPT ONE					
2	²	00B2	Lat1Suppl	SUPERSCRIPT TWO					
3	³	00B3	Lat1Suppl	SUPERSCRIPT THREE					
4	&sup4	2074	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT FOUR					
5	&sup5	2075	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT FIVE					

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

6	&sup6	2076	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT SIX				
7	&sup7	2077	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT SEVEN				
8	&sup8	2078	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT EIGHT				
9	&sup9	2079	Sup & sub	SUPERSCRIPT NINE				
Subscrip	Subscript numbers							
0	&sub0	2080	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT ZERO				
1	&sub1	2081	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT ONE				
2	&sub2	2082	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT TWO				
3	&sub3	2083	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT THREE				
4	&sub4	2084	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT FOUR				
5	&sub5	2085	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT FIVE				
6	&sub6	2086	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT SIX				
7	&sub7	2087	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT SEVEN				

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

8	&sub8	2088	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT EIGHT						
9	&sub9	2089	Sup & sub	SUBSCRIPT NINE						
Roman r	Roman numerals									
Ф	&romnumCDlig	2180	NumbFo	ROMAN NUMERAL ONE THOUSAND C D						
D	&romnumDDlig	2181	NumbFo	ROMAN NUMERAL FIVE THOUSAND						
Ф	&romnumDDdbllig	2182	NumbFo	ROMAN NUMERAL TEN THOUSAND						
С	&romnumCrev	2183	NumbFo	ROMAN NUMERAL REVERSED ONE HUNDRED						
				ion sign 'con' and as a Claudian letter, <i>antisigma</i> . In this usage, it has a corresponding a (1) <i>Alphabetical characters</i> above (pp. 27–28).						
\overline{C}	&romnumCrevovl	F23F	PUA-15	ROMAN NUMERAL REVERSED ONE HUNDRED WITH OVERLINE						
\overline{C}	The 'C' with overline wa	The 'C' with overline was used as Roman numeral for 100. It has been listed under 'C' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 27).								
$\overline{\mathrm{D}}$	The 'D' with overline was used as Roman numeral for 500. It has been listed under 'C' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 30).									
Ī	The 'L' with overline wa	The 'L' with overline was used as Roman numeral for 50. It has been listed under 'L' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 56).								
$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$	The 'M' with overline w	as used as Ro	oman numeral for	1000. It has been listed under 'M' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 58).						

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

\overline{V}	The 'V' with overline was used as Roman numeral for 5. It has been listed under 'V' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 90).					
\overline{X}	The 'X' with overline w	The 'X' with overline was used as Roman numeral for 10. It has been listed under 'X' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 95).				
I	&Imod 1D35 PhonExt MODIFIER CAPITAL LETTER I					
V	&Vmod	F1BE	PUA-11	MODIFIER CAPITAL LETTER V		
X	&Xmod	F1BF	PUA-11	MODIFIER CAPITAL LETTER X		
j	The 'j' with a stroke was used as Roman numeral for one half, ½. It has been listed under 'J' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 50).					
t	A dotless variant of the above character. See under 'J' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 49).					
v	The 'v' with a stroke was used as Roman numeral for four and a half, 4½. See under 'V' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 89).					
X	The 'x' with a stroke was used as Roman numeral for nine and a half, 9½. See under 'X' in (1) Alphabetical characters above (p. 95).					
X	A variant of the characte	er above. See	under 'X' in (1) A	Alphabetical characters above (p. 95).		

Roman numerals are often supplied with a raised 'o' as a morphological complement, e.g. 'mo' for millesimo or 'co' for centissimo. When the small 'o' appears in a raised position immediately after the numeral, we recommend using 00BA MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR in *Latin-1 Supplement*, because this is a spacing character. When the 'o' appear in superscript position, e.g. mor c, 0366 COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER O in *Combining Diacritical Marks* should be used.

3: Combining alphabetical and abbreviation characters

Combining characters are placed above or below another base character, indicated below by a dotted circle. In this section, a distinction is drawn between alphabetical characters, diacritical marks and combining abbreviation marks. The combining alphabetical characters are superscript characters that are typically used as abbreviation marks; for example, a superscript vowel is a common abbreviation of 'r' + the vowel or the vowel + 'r'. Diacritical marks are typically used to indicate specific properties of a base character; for example, the diaeresis is used to indicate that the base character is a mutated sound, 'öx' (axe), or – in modern times – that two adjoining vowels do not form a diphthong, 'Noël'. Combining abbreviation marks are similar in appearance and positioning to diacritical marks, but are used to abbreviate words, and, in most cases, should be expanded with one or more base line characters; for example 'hanñ' = 'hann' (he), or ' \tilde{v} ' = 'ver' (we).

Alphabe	Alphabetical characters			
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name
a O	&asup	0363	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER A
æ O	æsup	F011	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER AE
an O	&anligsup	F036	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AN
an O	&anscapligsup	F03A	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LIGATURE A SMALL CAPITAL N
ိ	&aoligsup	F037	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AO
ँ	&arligsup	F038	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AR

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

a ိ	&avligsup	F039	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LIGATURE AV
ំ	&bsup	F012	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER B
ீ	&bscapsup	F013	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL B
ိ	⫐	0368	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER C
ំ	çsup	F02D	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER C CEDILLA
d ់	&dsup	0369	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER D
ै	&drotsup	F02E	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER D ROTUNDA
ै	ðsup	F014	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER ETH
ិ	&dscapsup	F016	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL D
e O	&esup	0364	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER E
ें	&fsup	F017	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER F
g O	&gsup	F018	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER G
៊	&gscapsup	F019	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL G

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

<mark>h</mark>	&hsup	036A	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER H
ំ	&isup	0365	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER I
ំ	&inodotsup	F02F	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS I
់	&jsup	F030	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER J
់	&jnodotsup	F031	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER DOTLESS J
<u>k</u>	&ksup	F01B	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER K
к С	&kscapsup	F01C	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL K
ំ	&lsup	F01D	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER L
្ន	&lscapsup	F01E	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL L
m O	&msup	036B	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER M
<u>м</u> े	&mscapsup	F020	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL M
៉	⊅	F021	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER N
៉	&nscapsup	F023	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL N

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

ំ	&osup	0366	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER O
ø Ö	øsup	F032	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL O WITH STROKE
ိ	&orrotsup	F03E	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER O R ROTUNDA
O ²	&orumsup	F03F	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER O RUM
ិ	&psup	F025	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER P
ं	&qsup	F033	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
ै	&rsup	036C	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER R
ै	&rrotsup	F035	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER R ROTUNDA
<u>ب</u>	&rumsup	F040	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER RUM
R O	&rscapsup	F026	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL R
ំ	&ssup	F027	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER S
៌	&slongsup	F028	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER LONG S
	-		•	

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

†	&tsup	036D	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER T		
ँ	&trotsup	F03B	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER T ROTUNDA		
ੱ	&tscapsup	F02A	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL T		
៉	&usup	0367	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER U		
៉	&vsup	036E	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER V		
៉	&wsup	F03C	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER W		
ँ	&xsup	036F	CombDiaMk	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER X		
ँ	&ysup	F02B	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER Y		
z ံ	&zsup	F02C	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER Z		
b	þsup	F03D	PUA-7	COMBINING LATIN SMALL LETTER THORN		
Diacritic	Diacritical marks					
े	&combgrave	0300	CombDiaMk	COMBINING GRAVE ACCENT		
ं	&combacute	0301	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT		

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े	&combcirc	0302	CombDiaMk	COMBINING CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
ि	&combcircdbl	F163	PUA-6	COMBINING DOUBLE CIRCUMFLEX ABOVE
<u>~</u>	&combtilde	0303	CombDiaMk	COMBINING TILDE
<u></u>	&combmacr	0304	CombDiaMk	COMBINING MACRON
্	The character 0305 (COMBINING	OVERLINE has be	en listed further down in this section under 'Combining abbreviation marks'.
ŏ	&combbreve	0306	CombDiaMk	COMBINING BREVE
்	&combdot	0307	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOT ABOVE
ं	&combuml	0308	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DIAERESIS
े	&combhook	0309	CombDiaMk	COMBINING HOOK ABOVE
ំ	&combring	030A	CombDiaMk	COMBINING RING ABOVE
ő	&combdblac	030B	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
់	&combsgvertl	030D	CombDiaMk	COMBINING VERTICAL LINE ABOVE
."	&combdbvertl	030E	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE ABOVE

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

়	&combdotbl	0323	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOT BELOW
ु	&combced	0327	CombDiaMk	COMBINING CEDILLA
<u></u>	&dblbarbl	0333	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOUBLE LOW LINE
■	&dblovl	033F	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOUBLE OVERLINE
<u> </u>	The character 0332 COMBINING LOW LINE has been listed further down in this section under 'Combining abbreviation marks'.			
	The character 0336 COMBINING LONG STROKE OVERLAY has been listed further down in this section under 'Combining abbreviation marks'.			
ৃ	&combogon	0328	CombDiaMk	COMBINING OGONEK
៎	The character 033E COMBINING VERTIVAL TILDE has been listed further down in this section under 'Combining abbreviation marks'.			
<i>⇔</i> *	&combastbl	0359	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ASTERISK BELOW
ें	The character 035B COMBINING ZIGZAG ABOVE has been listed further down in this section under 'Combining abbreviation marks'.			
಼	&combdblbrevebl	035C	CombDiaMk	COMBINING DOUBLE BREVE BELOW
಼಼	&combtripbrevebl	F1FC	PUA-6	COMBINING TRIPLE BREVE BELOW
ै	&combcurl	F1C4	PUA-6	COMBINING CURL

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

ं	&combcurlhigh	F1C5	PUA-6	COMBINING CURL HIGH POSITION		
ं	&combdothigh	F1CA	PUA-6	COMBINING DOT ABOVE HIGH POSITION		
The COMBINING DOT ABOVE HIGH POSITION is an intermediate solution for the positioning of dot above tall letters. It should be deprecated when Smart Font allows correct positioning of 0307 COMBINING DOT ABOVE above all letters, irrespective of height or width.						
ិ៍	&combcurlbar	F1CC	PUA-6	COMBINING CURLY BAR ABOVE		
<i>C</i> 1::		1				
Combini	ng abbreviation mar	KS .				
ā	&bar	0305	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BAR ABOVE		
This chara	acter has the Unicode of	descriptive na	me COMBINING (OVERLINE.		
៊	¯high	F00A	PUA-15	COMBINING HIGH MACRON WITH FIXED HEIGHT (PART-WIDTH)		
៑	¯med	F00B	PUA-15	COMBINING MEDIUM-HIGH MACRON WITH FIXED HEIGHT (PART-WIDTH)		
$\overline{}$	&ovlhigh	F00C	PUA-15	COMBINING HIGH OVERLINE WITH FIXED HEIGHT (FULL-WIDTH)		

The four characters above are intended to be used for correct positioning of combining bars across or above characters with ascenders. They should be deprecated when Smart Font technology allows correct positioning of combining bars across or above ascenders.

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

&barbl	0332	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BAR BELOW		
This character has the Unicode descriptive name COMBINING LOW LINE.					
&baracr	0336	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BAR ACROSS		
er has the Unicode do	escriptive nar	ne COMBINING I	LONG STROKE OVERLAY.		
&arbar	F1C0	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BAR ABOVE WITH DOT		
&combcomma	0315	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK COMMA ABOVE RIGHT		
This character has the Unicode descriptive name COMBINING COMMA ABOVE RIGHT					
&combtildevert	033E	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK VERTICAL TILDE		
er has the Unicode de	escriptive nar	ne COMBINING V	VERTICAL TILDE.		
&er	035B	CombDiaMk	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK ZIGZAG ABOVE		
This character has the Unicode descriptive name COMBINING ZIGZAG ABOVE.					
&erang	F1C7	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK ZIGZAG ABOVE ANGLE FORM		
&ercurl	F1C8	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK ZIGZAG ABOVE CURLY FORM		
&ersub	F1C9	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK ZIGZAG BELOW		
	er has the Unicode d zarbar; er has the Unicode d zarbar; er has the Unicode d zcombcomma; er has the Unicode d zcombtildevert; er has the Unicode d zer; er has the Unicode d zer; er has the Unicode d zer;	er has the Unicode descriptive nare carbar; 0336 er has the Unicode descriptive nare carbar; F1C0 excombcomma; 0315 er has the Unicode descriptive nare carbar that the Unicode descriptive nare carba	cr has the Unicode descriptive name COMBINING In the Unicode In th		

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

៉	&ra	F157	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT RA OPEN A FORM
ొ	&rabar	F1C1	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT RA OPEN A FORM WITH BAR ABOVE
ੈ ੇ	&urrot	F153	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT UR ROUND R FORM
ి	&urlemn	F1C2	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT UR LEMNISKATE FORM
ិ	&ur	F1C3	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT UR TILDE FORM
ै	&us	F15B	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK SUPERSCRIPT US
्र	&combflour	F1C6	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BASELINE FLOURISH

Since P WITH FLOURISH is a separate character (see under the letter P in section 1 above) and will be proposed as such for Unicode, we might consider deprecating the "decomposed" solution of having a combining flourish. In any case, the descriptive name should be COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK BASELINE FLOURISH.

ূ	&combisbelow	F1CB	PUA-6	COMBINING ABBREVIATION MARK IS BELOW
2				

4: Spacing abbreviation and modifying characters

While many abbreviation characters are combining and in most cases positioned as superscripts, some abbreviation characters are spacing, i.e. occupying a separate position on the base line. Some of the diacritical marks can also be spacing, to be used when encoding and discussing these as characters in their own right.

Abbreviation characters

Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name
•	.	002E	BasLat	FULL STOP

The full stop is often used as a mark of abbreviation, typically in suspended (truncated) words. If an encoder wants to make a distinction between the full stop as a punctuation mark and as an abbreviation mark, we recommend that the same character, 002E FULL STOP, should be used in both cases, but that the abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation mark is specified by markup, e.g. by the <a breviation markup ma

;	;	003B	BasLat	SEMICOLON
---	---	------	--------	-----------

In Medieval script, a sign looking like the semicolon was commonly used as an abbreviation for 'eð' or 'eð', cf. LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SEMICOLON at F1AC on p. 124 below. If an encoder wants to use 003B SEMICOLON for the abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that this usage should be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation sign, we recommend that the same sign of the

&	&	0026	BasLat	AMPERSAND

In Medieval primary sources, the ampersand was used as an abbreviation for the conjunction 'and' (Latin 'et', Medieval Nordic 'ok', etc.), in which case it can be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbr>element.

ß	ß	00DF	Lat1Suppl	LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S	
In Mediev	al sources, the "sharp	s" can also be	e used as an abbre	viation character, in which case it may be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbr> element.</abbr>	
Θ	Θ	0398	Gk & Co	GREEK CAPITAL LETTER THETA	
θ	θ	03B8	Gk & Co	GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA	
below. See	The <i>theta</i> characters are sometimes used as an abbreviation sign for <i>obiit</i> 'he/she died', but we recommend using the alternative <i>obiit</i> pair of characters below. See also the introduction in Ernst W.E. Hübner, <i>Exempla Scripturae Epigraphicae Latinae</i> , Berlin: Reimer 1885 (rpt. Berlin: de Gruyter, 1979), in which he states that the <i>theta</i> should be kept apart from the <i>obiit sign</i> (barred 'o').				
Ф	&obiit	E8AC	PUA-5	LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH LONG STROKE OVERLAY	
Θ	&OBIIT	E8AB	PUA-5	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O WITH LONG STROKE OVERLAY	
	As pointed out above, the character 03B8 GREEK SMALL LETTER THETA in <i>Greek and Coptic</i> is sometimes used for rendering this abbreviation, but we recommend having a separate <i>obiit</i> character.				
7	&et	204A	GenPunct	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL ET	
The Unico	The Unicode descriptive name for this character is TIRONIAN SIGN ET. It was frequently used in Medieval sources, and is still used in Modern Irish.				
7	&etslash	F158	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL ET WITH STROKE	
7	&ET	F142	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL ET	

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7	&ETslash	F1A7	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL ET WITH STROKE		
,	&apomod	02BC	SpModLet	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN APOSTROPHE		
	The Unicode descriptive name for this character is MODIFIER LETTER APOSTROPHE. The ordinary apostrophe, 0027 APOSTROPHE, has been listed in section 5 below. We recommend that the character 02BC should be used to encode abbreviations, and that 0027 should be used in all other contexts.					
≈	&esse	2248	MathOp	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN ESSE		
The Unice	ode descriptive name f	or this charac	ter is ALMOST EQ	QUAL TO.		
÷	&est	223B	MathOp	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN EST		
The Unico	ode descriptive name f	or this charac	ter is HOMOTHET	TIC.		
9	&condes	F156	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL CON DESCENDING		
9	&CONdes	F1A2	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL CON DESCENDING		
	Another form of the 'con' abbreviation character looks like a reversed 'C'. This character, which also was used as a Roman numeral and as a Claudian letter, antisigma, has been listed under the character 'C' above.					
Э	&condot	F1A4	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL CON WITH DOT		
Э	&CONdot	F1A3	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL CON WITH DOT		
9	&usbase	F1A6	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SPACING BASE-LINE US		

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This cha	This character is positioned on the base line, but not with full height.					
9	&USbase	F1A5	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SPACING BASE-LINE CAPITAL US		
This cha	racter is positioned on t	he base line a	and has capital for	m (full height).		
9	&usmod	F151	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SPACING RAISED US		
This cha	racter is positioned abo	ve the base li	ne, the top alignin	g with the top of ascenders.		
4	&rum	F154	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL RUM		
24	&RUM	F15C	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL RUM		
ð	&de	F159	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL DE		
f	&is	F15A	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SMALL IS		
8	&IS	F15D	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL IS		
ş	&sstrok	F1A8	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SCRIPT S WITH STROKE		
This cha	This character can also be used for the 'soldi' sign (see p. 147 below)					
3	&etfin	F155	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN FINAL ET (3-SHAPED MARK)		
3	&ETfin	F15E	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN CAPITAL FINAL ET (3-SHAPED MARK)		

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These two characters are used as suspension marks in a number of contexts, e.g. for 'et' in 'videlicet', for 'us' in 'quibus', 'omnibus', for 'ue' in 'neque', 'cumque', for 'm' in 'nam', 'omnem', for 'est' in 'prodest', 'interest', etc. In the paleographical literature, it is usually described as "a sign looking like the number 3". It is difficult to find a wholly suitable name; the name proposed here takes the abbreviation of 'videlicet' to be prototypical.

•	&sem	F1AC	PUA-4	LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SEMICOLON

The character 003B SEMICOLON can be used for the frequent abbreviation sign of similar shape. However, some encoders might want to have a separate character, in which case we recommend using F1AC LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SEMICOLON. Neither character should be unified with F1EA PUNCTUS VERSUS, which is a punctuation mark (see p. 135 below).

ש	&fMedrun	16A0	Run	RUNIC MEDIEVAL LETTER F
---	----------	------	-----	-------------------------

Runes are alphabetical signs in their own right, but in Medieval Nordic manuscripts written in the Latin alphabet they function as abbreviation characters, e.g. the **f** rune, meaning 'fé' (cattle and/or goods). The Unicode descriptive name for this character is RUNIC LETTER FEHU FEOH FE F, but here a simpler name has been given, RUNIC MEDIEVAL LETTER F.

Ψ	&mMedrun	16D8	Run	RUNIC MEDIEVAL LETTER M
---	----------	------	-----	-------------------------

In Medieval Nordic manuscripts written in the Latin alphabet, the **m** rune serves as an abbreviation for 'maðr' (man). The Unicode descriptive name for this character is RUNIC LETTER LONG-BRANCH-MADR M, but here a simpler name has been given, RUNIC MEDIEVAL LETTER M.

Used as an abbreviation for the weight unity 'pound'. For variants, see section 7 Symbols below.

Modifying characters

^	ˆ	005E	BasLat	CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
---	---	------	--------	-------------------

,	´	00B4	Lat1Suppl	ACUTE ACCENT
•	`	0060	BasLat	GRAVE ACCENT
••	¨	00A8	Lat1Suppl	DIAERESIS
~	&tld	007E	BasLat	TILDE
_	¯	00AF	Lat1Suppl	MACRON
J	˘	02D8	SpModLet	BREVE
•	˙	02D9	SpModLet	DOT ABOVE
o	˚	02DA	SpModLet	RING ABOVE
5	¸	00B8	Lat1Suppl	CEDILLA
٤	˛	02DB	SpModLet	OGONEK
~	˜	02DC	SpModLet	SMALL TILDE
"	˝	02DD	SpModLet	DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT
1	&verbarup	02C8	SpModLet	MODIFIER LETTER VERTICAL LINE

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5: Punctuation

The Unicode Standard contains all modern punctuation, and the majority of these characters can be used for Medieval sources. In this section, punctuation marks have been grouped together according to their graphical form. The section is concluded by a list off Medieval punctuation signs. Some are simply missing in the Standard, e.g. the *punctus elevatus*, and other have a different usage, e.g. the *punctus interrogativus* which in some contexts was contrasted with the *punctus percontativus*. In general, modern punctuation can not adequately represent the syntactical, prosodic or logical features of Medieval texts.

Dots, co	Dots, commas and circles						
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name			
•	.	002E	BasLat	FULL STOP			
This char	This character is also listed in section 4 above.						
•	·	00B7	Lat1Suppl	MIDDLE DOT			
A high do	ot, F1F8 DISTINCTIO, i	s listed in the	section on Medie	eval punctuation p. 135 below.			
•	&hyphpoint	2027	GenPunct	HYPHENATION POINT			
•	&sgldr	2024	GenPunct	ONE DOT LEADER			
••	&dblldr	2025	GenPunct	TWO DOT LEADER			
•••	…	2026	GenPunct	HORIZONTAL ELLIPSIS			

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:	:	003A	BasLat	COLON		
,	,	002C	BasLat	COMMA		
;	;	003B	BasLat	SEMICOLON		
This chara	cter is also listed in se	ction 4 above	·			
:·	&tridotright	10FB	Georgian	GEORGIAN PARAGRAPH SEPARATOR		
Also used	Also used as a punctuation mark in languages other than Georgian.					
• •	&tridotupw	2234	MathOp	THEREFORE		
For this ch	naracter, the ISO entity	name '&the	re4;' has been supp	planted with '&tridotupw'.		
• •	&tridotdw	2235	MathOp	BECAUSE		
• •	&quaddot	2237	MathOp	PROPORTION		
·:·	&lozengedot	2058	GenPunct	FOUR DOT PUNCTUATION		
o	&midring	F1DA	PUA-9	MIDDLE RING		
Vertical a	Vertical and oblique bars					

		007C	BasLat	VERTICAL LINE		
I	,					
1	¦	00A6	Lat1Suppl	BROKEN BAR		
	‖	2016	GenPunct	DOUBLE VERTICAL LINE		
/	/	002F	BasLat	SOLIDUS		
/	&fracsol	2044	GenPunct	FRACTION SLASH		
//	&dblsol	2AFD	SupplMathOp	PUNCTUATION MARK DOUBLE SOLIDUS		
The Unico	ode name is DOUBLE S	SOLIDUS OPE	ERATOR, but by an	nalogy with similar punctuation marks, a more general name has been chosen here.		
\	\	005C	BasLat	REVERSE SOLIDUS		
`	&luslst	2E0C	SupplPunct	LEFT UPPER SLANTED STROKE		
	The Unicode descriptive name is LEFT RAISED OMISSION BRACKET, but the more general LEFT UPPER SLANTED STROKE has been chosen here. In Medieval Nordic editing it is typically used to indicate the beginning of text added above the line.					
/	&ruslst	2E0D	SupplPunct	RIGHT UPPER SLANTED STROKE		
	The Unicode descriptive name is RIGHT RAISED OMISSION BRACKET, but the more general RIGHT UPPER SLANTED STROKE has been chosen here. In Medieval Nordic editing it is typically used to indicate the end of text added above the line.					
`	&rlslst	2E1C	SupplPunct	RIGHT LOWER SLANTED STROKE		

^{*} Characters on shaded background belong to the Private Use Area. Please read the introduction p. 11 carefully before using any of these characters.

The Unicode descriptive name is LEFT LOW PARAPHRASE BRACKET, but the more general name RIGHT LOWER SLANTED STROKE has been chosen here. In Medieval Nordic editing it is typically used to indicate the *end* of text added in the margin and is for this reason called 'RIGHT' (by analogy with e.g. 0029 RIGHT PARENTHESIS).

The Unicode descriptive name is RIGHT LOW PARAPHRASE BRACKET, but the more general name LEFT LOWER SLANTED STROKE has been chosen here. In Medieval Nordic editing it is typically used to indicate the *beginning* of text added in the margin and is for this reason called 'LEFT' (by analogy with e.g. 0028 LEFT PARENTHESIS).

Horizontal bars and lines

_	_	005F	BasLat	LOW LINE
-	‐	002D	BasLat	HYPHEN-MINUS

As the name HYPHEN-MINUS indicates, this character is ambiguous. For an unambiguous *hyphen* character, see 2010 HYPHEN in *General Punctuation*, and for an unambiguous *minus* character, see 2212 MINUS in *Mathematical Operators*.

- ‐ 2010 GenPunct HYPHEN	-	‐	2010	GenPunct	HYPHEN
--------------------------	---	---	------	----------	--------

This is an unambiguous hyphen character.

-	&nbhy	2011	GenPunct	NON-BREAKING HYPHEN
_	&numdash	2012	GenPunct	FIGURE DASH

The figure dash, 2012, can also be used as a metrical symbol. See section 9 below.

_	–	2013	GenPunct	EN DASH				
_	—	2014	GenPunct	EM DASH				
	―	2015	GenPunct	HORIZONTAL BAR				
Question	Question marks, exclamation marks and other complex signs							
!	!	0021	BasLat	EXCLAMATION MARK				
i	¡	00A1	Lat1Suppl	INVERTED EXCLAMATION MARK				
3	?	003F	BasLat	QUESTION MARK				
خ	¿	00BF	Lat1Suppl	INVERTED QUESTION MARK				
#	&ramus	F1DB	PUA-9	PALM BRANCH				
Brackets	Brackets							
((0028	BasLat	LEFT PARENTHESIS				
))	0029	BasLat	RIGHT PARENTHESIS				
С	&IUbrack	F1DC	PUA-9	LEFT SIDEWAYS U BRACKET				

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)	&rUbrack	F1DD	PUA-9	RIGHT SIDEWAYS U BRACKET				
This pair	This pair of brackets is used to indicate Claudian letters.							
))	&ldblpar	F1DE	PUA-9	LEFT DOUBLE PARENTHESIS				
((&rdblpar	F1DF	PUA-9	RIGHT DOUBLE PARENTHESIS				
[[005B	BasLat	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET				
]]	005D	BasLat	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET				
{	{	007B	BasLat	LEFT CURLY BRACKET				
}	}	007D	BasLat	RIGHT CURLY BRACKET				
E	&lsqbqu	2045	GenPunct	LEFT SQUARE BRACKET WITH QUILL				
]	&rsqbqu	2046	GenPunct	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET WITH QUILL				
	&lwhsqb	27E6	MiMaSymbA	LEFT WHITE SQUARE BRACKET				
The Unice	ode descriptive name i	s MATHEMAT	TICAL LEFT WHIT	E SQUARE BRACKET, but the word 'MATHEMATICAL' has been left out here.				
	&rwhsqb	27E7	MiMaSymbA	RIGHT WHITE SQUARE BRACKET				

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The Unicode descriptive name is MATHEMATICAL RIGHT WHITE SQUARE BRACKET, but the word 'MATHEMATICAL' has been left out here.

+	&verbarql	F1D8	PUA-9	VERTICAL LINE WITH LEFT QUILL
ŀ	&verbarqr	F1D9	PUA-9	VERTICAL LINE WITH RIGHT QUILL

This pair of brackets is used to indicate dittography (right quill, then left quill) or erasure by the scribe (right quill, then left quill) in many critical editions of Old Norse texts.

The Unicode descriptive name is RIGHT ANGLE SUBSTITUTION MARKER, but LEFT UPPER HALF SQUARE BRACKET has been chosen here, because it is more compatible with the names of the three characters below.

1	&ruhsqb	F1D3	PUA-9	RIGHT UPPER HALF SQUARE BRACKET
L	&llhsqb	F1D4	PUA-9	LEFT LOWER HALF SQUARE BRACKET
٦	&rlhsqb	F1D5	PUA-9	RIGHT LOWER HALF SQUARE BRACKET

Apostrophes and primes

1	'	0027	BasLat	APOSTROPHE

A sign looking like the apostrophe was used as an abbreviation for 'i' or 'e'. Cf. D.A. Seip, *Palæografi: Norge og Island* (Nordisk kultur 23:B), Oslo etc. 1954, p. 125. In such cases, we recommend that the character 02BC LATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN APOSTROPHE in section 4 above should be used.

,	′	2032	GenPunct	PRIME
11	"	0022	BasLat	QUOTATION MARK
"	″	2033	GenPunct	DOUBLE PRIME
6	'	2018	GenPunct	LEFT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
,	'	2019	GenPunct	RIGHT SINGLE QUOTATION MARK
,	&lsquolow	201A	GenPunct	SINGLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK

The final 'r' in the ISO entity name ''' is ambiguous, since it is otherwise being used for raised quotation marks, such as 201B and 201F. For this reason, the suffix 'low' has been used in the recommended MUFI entity.

•	&rsquorev	201B	GenPunct	SINGLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK
"	"	201C	GenPunct	LEFT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
"	"	201D	GenPunct	RIGHT DOUBLE QUOTATION MARK
"	&ldquolow	201E	GenPunct	DOUBLE LOW-9 QUOTATION MARK

The final 'r' in the ISO entity name '"' is ambiguous, because it is used elsewhere for raised quotation marks, such as 201B and 201F. For this reason, the suffix 'low' has been used in the recommended MUFI entity.

**	&rdquorev	201F	GenPunct	DOUBLE HIGH-REVERSED-9 QUOTATION MARK			
Angles	Angles						
<	‹	2039	GenPunct	SINGLE LEFT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK			
«	«	00AB	Lat1Suppl	LEFT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK			
<	<	003C	BasLat	LESS-THAN SIGN			
	L/XML encoded doccum such, a separate entity is		0	as the opening character of an element name, e.g. <text>. To be able to refer to the less-than</text>			
<	&langb	27E8	MiMaSymbA	LEFT ANGLE BRACKET			
l	code descriptive name i			LE BRACKET, but the word 'MATHEMATICAL' has been left out here. This bracket is typioplied text).			
>	›	203A	GenPunct	SINGLE RIGHT-POINTING ANGLE QUOTATION MARK			
>	>	003E	BasLat	GREATER-THAN SIGN			
	In SGML/XML encoded doccuments, the greater-than sign is used as a closing character of an element name, e.g. <text>. To be able to refer to the greater-than sign as such, a separate entity is needed, '>'.</text>						
»	»	00BB	Lat1Suppl	RIGHT-POINTING DOUBLE ANGLE QUOTATION MARK			

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&punctposit;

•7

F1E4

PUA-8

>	&rangb	27E9	MiMaSymbA	RIGHT ANGLE BRACKET			
	The Unicode descriptive name is MATHEMATICAL RIGHT ANGLE BRACKET, but the word 'MATHEMATICAL' has been left out here. This bracket is typically used to indicate the end of an editorial addition (supplied text).						
Mediev	al punctuation marks	3					
•	&hidot	F1F8	PUA-8	DISTINCTIO			
height (t	to be unified with 00B7	MIDDLE DO	(i) and the high dot	een three positions of the dot: on the baseline (to be unified with 002E FULL STOP), middle t, shown here. See also Isidore of Sevilla, <i>Etymologiae</i> I 20. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and</i> to indicate "a final pause, after a <i>periodus</i> , or where the <i>sententia</i> is completed".			
7	&posit	F1E2	PUA-8	COMMA POSITURA			
_	itura is similar to COMN Pause and Effect, Alder			art from this punctuation mark due to a different and more specialised usage. Cf. Malcolm B.			
7	&ductsimpl	F1E3	PUA-8	HIGH COMMA POSITURA (SIMPLEX DUCTUS)			
Similar	Similar form as the <i>positura</i> , but positioned above the 'x' height. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301 and 307.						
÷	&punctvers	F1EA	PUA-8	PUNCTUS VERSUS			
Similar	in shape to the semicolo	on (003B), but	should be kept ap	part from this mark. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301, 306.			

PUNCTUS WITH COMMA POSITURA

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Cf. Malc	Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301 and 306.						
:7	&colmidcomposit	F1E5	PUA-8	COLON WITH MIDDLE COMMA POSITURA			
Cf. Malc	Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301 and 306.						
;;	&bidotscomposit	F1F2	PUA-8	TWO DOTS OVER COMMA POSITURA			
	in Old Icelandic, e.g. in Regius of the Eddic poer		5 B 4to (see Hrein	nn Benediktsson, Early Icelandic Script, Reykjavík 1965, pl. 8:14) and in GKS 2365 4to			
·;·	&tridotscomposit	F1E6	PUA-8	THREE DOTS WITH COMMA POSITURA			
				f dots with a comma between (and below) the two lower dots. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause</i> ove in <i>Mathematical Operators</i> .			
·	&punctelev	F161	PUA-8	PUNCTUS ELEVATUS			
				manuscripts and is sometimes seen as the default form. Sometimes called 'tick and point', <i>Norman Conquest</i> , Oxford, 1960, p. 46.			
	&punctelevdiag	F1F0	PUA-8	PUNCTUS ELEVATUS DIAGONAL STROKE			
Variant fo	Variant form of the <i>punctus elevatus</i> .						
	&punctelevhiback	F1FA	PUA-8	PUNCTUS ELEVATUS WITH HIGH BACK			
Variant fo	orm of the <i>punctus eleve</i>	atus found in	manuscripts in th	e Low countries, eastern France and the Rhineland.			

	&punctelevhack	F1FB	PUA-8	PUNCTUS ELEVATUS WITH ONSET		
Variant for	rm of the punctus eleve	atus found in	manuscripts from	southern Germany.		
?	&punctflex	F1F5	PUA-8	PUNCTUS FLEXUS		
Conquest, of the voice	Looks like the digit 7 with a dot below, sometimes referred to as 'seven and point' (e.g. by N.R. Ker, <i>English Manuscripts in the Century after the Norman Conquest</i> , Oxford, 1960, p. 47). Also called PUNCTUS CIRCUMFLEXUS. Used to mark sentence-medial pauses, especially in liturgical texts where the pitch of the voice drops. Cf. also Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301, 306. Note that the shape in Parkes' book looks more like an open 'a' than '7', but this is basically a question of variance.					
!	&punctexclam	F1E7	PUA-8	PUNCTUS EXCLAMATIVUS		
Early forn	n with two dots below	each other an	d a diagonal strok	te on top of them. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, p. 301.		
:	&punctinter	F160	PUA-8	PUNCTUS INTERROGATIVUS		
~	&punctintertilde	F1E8	PUA-8	PUNCTUS INTERROGATIVUS HORIZONTAL TILDE		
This is a v	variant of the question	mark where the	he swash (tilde) is	horizontal. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, p. 301.		
°.	&punctinterlemn	F1F1	PUA-8	PUNCTUS INTERROGATIVUS LEMNISKATE FORM		
	Attested in Old Icelandic, but very marginal. For examples, see Holm perg 15 B 4to (cf. Hreinn Benediktsson, <i>Early Icelandic Script</i> , Reykjavík 1965, pl. 8:13 and 8:19).					
ç	&punctpercont	F1E9	PUA-8	PUNCTUS PERCONTATIVUS		

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	Looks like a horizontally flipped (i.e. reversed) modern question mark. Used in late texts to mark the end of a question that does not require an answer (i.e. a rhetorical question), as opposed to the PUNCTUS INTERROGATIVUS.					
~	&wavylin	F1F9	PUA-8	WAVY LINE		
Frequentl	y used in English man	uscripts in the	12th century in the	he form of a wavy line or sometimes a straight line. Placed slightly above the base line.		
?	&medcom	F1E0	PUA-8	MEDIEVAL COMMA		
	Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, p. 301. According to Parkes, this mark "appears most frequently in the work of fourteenth-century Italian scribes" (p. 303).					
r	¶g	F1E1	PUA-8	PARAGRAPHUS		
Cf. Malco	olm B. Parkes, <i>Pause a</i>	nd Effect, Alo	lershot, 1992, pp.	12, 43, 305.		
••	&renvoi	F1EC	PUA-8	SIGNE DE RENVOI		
	e two dots over a singl t has a different usage			nal note to a place in the text. Looks similar to TWO DOTS OVER ONE DOT PUNCTUATION paced.		
• •	&quaddots	F1ED	PUA-8	FOUR DOTS PUNCTUATION		
Similar to	Similar to 2237 PROPORTION in Mathematical Operators, but should be recognised as a separate punctuation character and given its own code point.					
:	&tridotsdownw	F1EE	PUA-8	TWO DOTS OVER ONE DOT PUNCTUATION		
Similar to	Similar to 2235 BECAUSE in Mathematical Operators, but should be recognised as a separate punctuation character and given its own code point.					

∴	&tridotsupw	F1EF	PUA-8	ONE DOT OVER TWO DOTS PUNCTUATION			
Similar to	Similar to 2234 THEREFORE in Mathematical Operators, but should be recognised as a separate punctuation character and given its own code point.						
1	&virgsusp	F1F4	PUA-8	VIRGULA SUSPENSIVA			
Looks like 1992, p. 3		n the middle.	Used to mark a ve	ery brief pause or hesitation in the text. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot,			
/	&virgmin	F1F7	PUA-8	SHORT VIRGULA			
	Looks like a virgule, but confined within the 'x' height (like a half-height slash), e.g. 'x / x'. Attested in late paper manuscripts of Medieval Nordic verse and not to be unified with the ordinary comma.						
⇒	&dipledot	22D7	MathOp	DIPLE WITH DOT			
The Unicode name for this character is GREATER-THAN WITH DOT, but it can also be used as a punctuation mark and is therefore given another name here, DIPLE WITH DOT. Cf. Malcolm B. Parkes, <i>Pause and Effect</i> , Aldershot, 1992, pp. 301 and 303.							

6: Space and formatting characters

Formatting characters are invisible. Space characters are also invisible, but have different widths and thus become visible when visible characters are placed on either side.

Space cl	Space characters				
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name	
	&sp	0020	BasLat	SPACE	
		00A0	Lat1Suppl	NO-BREAK SPACE	
	&nnbsp	202F	GenPunct	NARROW NO-BREAK SPACE	
	&enqd	2000	GenPunct	EN QUAD	
	&emqd	2001	GenPunct	EM QUAD	
		2002	GenPunct	EN SPACE	
		2003	GenPunct	EM SPACE	
		2004	GenPunct	THREE-PER-EM SPACE	

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		2005	GenPunct	FOUR-PER-EM SPACE
	&emsp16	2006	GenPunct	SIX-PER-EM SPACE
		2007	GenPunct	FIGURE SPACE
		2008	GenPunct	PUNCTUATION SPACE
		2009	GenPunct	THIN SPACE
		200A	GenPunct	HAIR SPACE
	&zerosp	200B	GenPunct	ZERO WIDTH SPACE
Formattii	ng characters			
	&del	007F	BasLat	DELETE
	­	00AD	Lat1Suppl	SOFT HYPHEN

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7: Symbols

Whereas alphabetical characters have specific sound values and are the product of a phonemic analysis, symbols represent concepts (or ideas, objects), and can thus be compared to whole words. The distinction between characters and symbols is far from clear-cut. On the one hand, characters can be classed as a particular sub-set of symbols. On the other hand, some symbols are themselves derived from characters, e.g. the *ampersand*, which was, historically speaking, a ligature of the two characters 'E' and 't'.

It is worth noting that what was originally a measure of weight, such as the mark or pound (*libra*), can also be understood as a currency, since these weights, typically in a precious metal like silver, became monetary symbols in their own right. For this reason, weight and currency, although looking like an odd pair, have been allocated a separate section below.

Several currency symbols are derived from, or can be analysed as, variants or sequences of ordinary characters. To the extent that currencies can be represented by ordinary characters, we recommend doing so, but we also believe that, at a certain point, there is a kind of lexicalisation (or symbolisation) at which these signs can be said to have aquired the status of characters in their own right.

General symbols Glyph Entity Code point Code chart Unicode descriptive name				
In SGML/XML encoded documents, the ampersand is the opening character of an entity name, as exemplified throughout this recommendation. To avoid confusion, the ampersand as such can be encoded with the entity '&'. In Medieval primary sources, the ampersand was used as an abbreviation for the conjunction 'and' (Latin 'et', Medieval Nordic 'ok', etc.), in which case it can be specified by markup, e.g. by the <abbreviation 'et',="" 'ok',="" etc.)<="" medieval="" nordic="" td=""></abbreviation>				

TT

\$	§	00A7	Lat1Suppl	SECTION SIGN		
*	*	002A	BasLat	ASTERISK		
*	&triast	2042	GenPunct	ASTERISM		
@	@	0040	BasLat	COMMERCIAL AT		
©	&сору;	00A9	Lat1Suppl	COPYRIGHT SIGN		
®	®	00AE	Lat1Suppl	REGISTERED SIGN		
7	¬	00AC	Lat1Suppl	NOT SIGN		
٨	&logand	2227	MathOp	LOGICAL AND		
This character can also be used as a metrical symbol. In that case we recommend the entity name '&metrpause' and the corresponding descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL PAUSE. See also the list of metrical symbols in section 9 below.						
q	¶	00B6	Lat1Suppl	PILCROW SIGN		
P	&revpara	204B	GenPunct	REVERSED PILCROW SIGN		
Cf. the paragraphus sign in the section on Medieval punctuation above.						
+	✗	271D	Dingbats	LATIN CROSS		

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†	†	2020	GenPunct	DAGGER
‡	‡	2021	GenPunct	DOUBLE DAGGER
*	&refmark	203B	GenPunct	REFERENCE MARK
: :	&dotcross	205C	GenPunct	DOTTED CROSS
E	&hedera	2766	Dingbats	HEDERA
20	&hederarot	2767	Dingbats	ROTATED HEDERA

The Unicode descriptive names are FLORAL HEART (2766) and ROTATED FLORAL HEART BULLET (2767), but the traditional name HEDERA (for the ivy plant) has been chosen here. The 'hedera' character is also known as 'Aldine leaf' (English) or 'Aldusblatt' (German).

Currency	Currency and weight symbols						
\$	\$	0024	BasLat	DOLLAR SIGN			
¢	¢	00A2	Lat1Suppl	CENT SIGN			
£	£	00A3	Lat1Suppl	POUND SIGN			
¤	¤	00A4	Lat1Suppl	CURRENCY SIGN			
¥	¥	00A5	Lat1Suppl	YEN SIGN			

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ß	&pennygerm	20B0	CurrSymb	GERMAN PENNY SIGN
Э	&scruple	2108	LettSymb	SCRUPLE
П	&romaslibr	F2E0	PUA-12	LATIN AS LIBRALIS SIGN
X	&romXbar	F2E1	PUA-12	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X WITH BAR
X	&romscapxbar	F2E2	PUA-12	LATIN SMALL CAPITAL LETTER X WITH BAR
¥	&romscapybar	F2E3	PUA-12	LATIN SMALL CAPITAL LETTER Y WITH BAR
p	&romscapdslash	F2E4	PUA-12	LATIN SMALL CAPITAL LETTER D WITH SLASH
ð	&drotbar	F2E5	PUA-12	LATIN SMALL LETTER D ROTUNDA WITH BAR
$\ddot{\widetilde{\mathbf{v}}}$	&ecu	F2E7	PUA-12	ECU SIGN
R	&florloop	F2E8	PUA-12	FLOREN SIGN WITH LOOP
ge	&grosch	F2E9	PUA-12	GROSCHEN SIGN
W	&libradut	F2EA	PUA-12	DUTCH LIBRA SIGN
tt	&librafren	F2EB	PUA-12	FRENCH LIBRA SIGN

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The two li	The two libra signs above are similar to 2114 L B BAR SYMBOL in <i>Letterlike Symbols</i> , but should not be unified with this character.						
2	&libraital	F2EC	PUA-12	ITALIAN LIBRA SIGN			
£	&libraflem	F2ED	PUA-12	FLEMISH LIBRA SIGN			
炉	&liranuov	F2EE	PUA-12	LIRA NUOVA SIGN			
£	&lirasterl	F2EF	PUA-12	LIRA STERLINA SIGN			
4	&markold	F2F0	PUA-12	OLD MARK SIGN			
*	&markflour	F2F1	PUA-12	OLD FLOURISH MARK SIGN			
mfs	&msign	F2F2	PUA-12	MARKED SMALL LETTER M SIGN			
m	&msignflour	F2F3	PUA-12	FLOURISHED SMALL LETTER M SIGN			
18r	&penningar	F2F5	PUA-12	PENNING SIGN			
11 p	&reichtalold	F2F6	PUA-12	OLD REICHSTALER SIGN			
ß	&schillgerm	F2F7	PUA-12	GERMAN SCHILLING SIGN			
ßl	&schillgermscript	F2F8	PUA-12	GERMAN SCRIPT SCHILLING SIGN			

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The two c	The two characters above are separate monetary symbols and should not be unified with 00DF LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S in <i>Latin-1 Supplement</i> .					
3	&scudi	F2F9	PUA-12	SCUDI SIGN		
3	&ounce	2125	LettSymb	OUNCE SIGN		
HS	&sestert	F2FA	PUA-12	SESTERTIA SIGN		
Ş	The Italian 'soldi' si	gn can be enc	oded with F1A8 L	ATIN ABBREVIATION SIGN SCRIPT S WITH STROKE (see p. 123 above).		
+	&romas	F2D8	PUA-12	ROMAN AS SIGN		
-	&romunc	F2D9	PUA-12	ROMAN UNCIA SIGN		
L	&romsemunc	F2DA	PUA-12	ROMAN SEMIUNCIA SIGN		
S	&romsext	F2DB	PUA-12	ROMAN SEXTULA SIGN		
8	&romdimsext	F2DC	PUA-12	ROMAN DIMIDIA SEXTULA SIGN		
))	&romsiliq	F2DD	PUA-12	ROMAN SILIQUA SIGN		
¥	&romquin	F2DE	PUA-12	ROMAN QUINARIUS SIGN		
H	&romdupond	F2DF	PUA-12	ROMAN DUPONDIUS SIGN		

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Mathem	Mathematical symbols					
+	+	002B	BasLat	PLUS SIGN		
_	−	2212	MathOp	MINUS		
This is an	unambiguous minus s	ign. The hypl	nen sign, 002D, is	usually unified with the minus sign and is for this reason called HYPHEN-MINUS.		
<u>±</u>	±	00B1	Lat1Suppl	PLUS-MINUS SIGN		
X × 00D7 Lat1Suppl		Lat1Suppl	MULTIPLICATION SIGN			
The multi	plication sign, 00D7, c	an also be us	ed as a metrical ch	naracter. Cf. section 9 below.		
•	÷	00F7	Lat1Suppl	DIVISION SIGN		
=	=	003D	BasLat	EQUALS SIGN		
∞	∞	221E	MathOp	INFINITY		
#	¬equals	2260	MathOp	NOT EQUAL TO		
%	%	0025	BasLat	PERCENT SIGN		
%。	‰	2030	GenPunct	PER MILLE SIGN		

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MUFI character recommendation * Part 1: alphabetical order

0	°	00B0	Lat1Suppl	DEGREE SIGN					
The degree	The degree sign should not to be confused with 00BA MASCULINE ORDINAL INDICATOR in Lat1Suppl, typically used in Romance languages.								
0	&smallzero F1BD PUA-11		PUA-11	SMALL BASE LINE ZERO SIGN					
This sign i	s commonly used in e	ditions to ind	icate illegible char	racters. It has the same shape as the digit '0', but is only of 'x' height: 'x ooo x'.					
μ	µ	00B5	Lat1Suppl	MICRO SIGN					
>	The greater-than sign	n is listed amo	ong the brackets in	n Punctuation above.					
<	The less-than sign is	listed among	the brackets in Pu	unctuation above.					
Pharmac	eutical signs								
3	&dram	F2E6	PUA-12	PHARMACEUTICAL DRAM SIGN					
E	&obol	F2F4	PUA-12	PHARMACEUTICAL OBOLUS SIGN					
Z	&sextans	F2FB	PUA-12	PHARMACEUTICAL SEXTANS SIGN					
9	&ouncescript	F2FD	PUA-12	SCRIPT OUNCE SIGN					

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8: Geometrical characters

Geometrical characters (or figures) have a more general interpretation than symbols. For example, whereas the Latin cross (a symbol) has very specific cultural connotations, a black box (a geometrical character) can mean and be used for almost anything.

Arrows	Arrows					
Glyph	Glyph Entity Code point Code chart		Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
←	&arrsgllw	2190	Arrows	LEFTWARDS ARROW		
1	&arrsglupw	2191	Arrows	UPWARDS ARROW		
\rightarrow	&arrsglrw	2192	Arrows	RIGHTWARDS ARROW		
\	&arrsgldw	2193	Arrows	DOWNWARDS ARROW		
Boxes, ci	rcles and triangles					
	&squareblsm	25AA	GeomShap	BLACK SMALL SQUARE		
0	&squarewhsm	25AB	GeomShap	WHITE SMALL SQUARE		
•	•	2022	GenPunct	BULLET		

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MUFI character recommendation * Part 1: alphabetical order

	&circledot	25CC	GeomShap	DOTTED CIRCLE	
•	&tribull	2023 GenPunct		TRIANGULAR BULLET	
Þ	&trirightwh	25B9	GeomShap	WHITE RIGHT-POINTING SMALL TRIANGLE	
٥	&trileftwh	25C3	GeomShap	WHITE LEFT-POINTING SMALL TRIANGLE	

9: Metrical characters

Four base metrical characters have been added to Miscellaneous Technical in Unicode 4.1, following a proposal by the *Thesaurus Linguae Graeca* (TLG) project. In addition to the four metrical characters in Miscellaneous Technical, it should be noted that the anceps, ×, can be identified with MULTIPLICATION SIGN (00D7) in *Latin-1 Supplement* and the symbol for long syllable (*longum*) can be identified with FIGURE DASH (2012) or EN DASH (2013) in *General Punctuation*. Any of these characters can be combined with COMBINING ACUTE ACCENT (0301), COMBINING GRAVE ACCENT (0300) and COMBINING DOUBLE ACUTE ACCENT (030B) in *Combining Diacritical Marks* in order to indicate stress and alliterative patterns. However, for those who would like to use precomposed metrical characters, the Private Use Area contains a selection of such characters, all of which are listed here.

Base ch	Base characters					
Glyph	Entity	Code point	Code chart	Unicode descriptive name		
X	×	00D7	Lat1Suppl	MULTIPLICATION SIGN		
	The Unicode character 00D7 MULTIPLICATION SIGN can also be used as an encoding for METRICAL ANCEPS. We also recommend retaining the entity name '×' in this context.					
_	&numdash	2012	GenPunct	FIGURE DASH		
	The Unicode character 2012 FIGURE DASH can also be used as an encoding for METRICAL LONGUM. We recommend retaining the entity name '&numdash' also in this context.					
V	&metrshort	23D1	MiscTech	METRICAL BREVE		
D	&metrshortlong	23D2	MiscTech	METRICAL LONG OVER SHORT		

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<u> </u>	&metrlongshort	23D3	MiscTech	METRICAL SHORT OVER LONG
$\overline{}$	&metrdblshortlong	23D4	MiscTech	METRICAL LONG OVER TWO SHORTS

Precomposed characters

×	&metranc	F70A	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS
	,	1	1 011 10	WETHER STIMBOLTH VELLS

As stated above, this character can be encoded with 00D7 MULTIPLICATION SIGN and the entity name '×'. We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F70A should be given the entity name '&metranc;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS.

×	&metrancacute	F70B	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS WITH ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS)
%	&metrancdblac	F719	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS WITH DOUBLE ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
×	&metrancgrave	F70C	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS WITH GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS)
×	&metrancdblgrave	F71A	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL ANCEPS WITH DOUBLE GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
U	&metrbreve	F701	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE

In v. 4.1 of the Unicode Standard, this character was assigned to code point 23D1 in *Miscellaneous Technical* (se p. 152 above). We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F701 should be given the entity name '&metrbreve;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE.

ć	&metrbreveacute	F706	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE WITH ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS)
\mathcal{L}	&metrbrevedblac	F717	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE WITH DOUBLE ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
٢	&metrbrevegrave	F707	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE WITH GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS)
ల	&metrbrevedblgrave	F718	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE WITH DOUBLE GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
_	&metrmacr	F700	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM

As stated above, this character can be encoded with 2012 FIGURE DASH and the entity name '&numdash;'. We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F700 should be given the entity name '&metrmacr;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM.

<u>'</u>	&metrmacracute	F704	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM WITH ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS)
<u>"</u>	&metrmacrdblac	F715	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM WITH DOUBLE ACUTE (SECONDARY STRESS)
`	&metrmacrgrave	F705	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM WITH GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS)

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<u>"</u>	&metrmacrdblgrave	F716	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM WITH DOUBLE GRAVE (SECONDARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
<u> </u>	&metrmacrbreve	F702	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE ABOVE LONGUM (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE)

In v. 4.1 of the Unicode Standard, this character was assigned to code point 23D3 in *Miscellaneous Technical* (se p. 153 above). We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F702 should be given the entity name '&metrmacrbreve;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE ABOVE LONGUM (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE).

D	&metrbrevemacr	F703	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM ABOVE BREVE (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE)
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In v. 4.1 of the Unicode Standard, this character was assigned to code point 23D2 in *Miscellaneous Technical* (se p. 152 above). We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F703 should be given the entity name '&metrbrevemacr;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM ABOVE BREVE (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE).

<u>ن</u>	&metrmacrbreveacute	F708	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE ABOVE LONGUM WITH ACUTE (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE WITH PRIMARY STRESS)
<u>১</u>	&metrmacrbrevegrave	F709	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL BREVE ABOVE LONGUM WITH GRAVE (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE WITH SECONDARY STRESS)
55	&metrdblbrevemacr	F72E	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL RESOLVED LIFT

In v. 4.1 of the Unicode Standard, the character METRICAL SYMBOL RESOLVED LIFT was assigned to code point 23D4 in *Miscellaneous Technical* and given the descriptive name METRICAL LONG OVER TWO SHORTS. We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F72E should be given the entity name '&metrdblbrevemacr;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL LONGUM ABOVE BREVE (SHORT OR LONG SYLLABLE).

ớ	&metrdblbrevemacracute	F71B	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL RESOLVED LIFT WITH ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS)
<i>#</i>	&metrdblbrevemacrdblac	F71C	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL RESOLVED LIFT WITH DOUBLE ACUTE (PRIMARY STRESS AND ALLITERATION)
٨	&metrpause	F714	PUA-10	METRICAL SYMBOL PAUSE

As stated above, this character can be encoded with 2227 LOGICAL AND and the entity name '&logand;'. We recommend that this code point should be used hereafter. However, for those who would like to continue using the complete set of metrical symbols in the Private Use Area, we recommend that the character F714 should be given the entity name '&metrpause;' and the descriptive name METRICAL SYMBOL PAUSE.

